

Insurance terms and conditions

2026

Menzis Basis Voordelig
Buitenland en
Tandongeval
Aanvullend, Extra
Aanvullend



Valid from January 1, 2026

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Contact and service

Our website

You will find all the information about your insurance by visiting our website menzis.nl. You can, for example, calculate your premium, claim online, find care providers and view and compare all reimbursements from A to Z

Contact

You can reach us by telephone, chat or post. You can also pass on information or a change in your policy, wherever and whenever you want, via Mijn Menzis: menzis.nl/mijnmenzis.

Also see menzis.nl/contact.

Calling Menzis

The most important telephone numbers are given below. Visit menzis.nl/contact for information on current opening times.

Telephone numbers

Customer Service: 088 222 40 40

Menzis Emergency Centre: +31 317 455 555 Can be reached 24 hours a day

Menzis Transport Service Line: 0317 492 051

Postal address

Menzis

PO Box 75000

7500 KC Enschede

Addresses

Menzis Groningen, Winschoterdiep 70, 9723 AB Groningen

Menzis Enschede, De Ruyterlaan 25, 7511 JH Enschede

Menzis Wageningen, Lawickse Allee 130, 6709 DZ Wageningen

Complaints

Do you have a complaint about Menzis? Information regarding complaints and disputes can be found on menzis.nl/klantenservice. Or see Article A17 of the General terms and conditions.

Menzis Zorgvinder

The Menzis Zorgvinder (Menzis Care Finder) helps you to find care providers close to your home. You can easily find out which care providers have a contract with Menzis. Visit menzis.nl/zorgvinder for more information.

Menzis Care Advisor and healthcare mediation services

Do you have a question regarding your healthcare? Or do you need advice about informal care or legislation? Please contact Menzis' Care Advisor. For more information on how and when we can help, please check menzis.nl/zorgadvies.

Your Basic Insurance Menzis Basis Voordelig

Below you will find a description of the care for which you are covered.

The Dutch text is binding should any disputes arise from the interpretation of the text.

Your Basic Health Insurance

The government defines the insured package of the Basic Insurance. The Dutch Healthcare Insurance Act, together with the Healthcare Insurance Decree and the Healthcare Insurance Regulations, is the foundation of these terms and conditions. We have described your coverage as clearly as possible in these insurance terms and conditions. In these terms and conditions, we sometimes refer to the Menzis Insurance Regulations. These Regulations are an integral part of the terms and conditions. In the unlikely event that something in these insurance terms and conditions should not concur with the Dutch Healthcare Insurance Act what has been defined in this Act will apply to you. If any other legal scheme can lead to the same care being paid, you will not be entitled to this care based on this Basic Insurance.

You can download the Menzis Insurance Regulations on menzis.nl/reglement (only available in Dutch). More information on the Dutch Healthcare Insurance Act, Decree or Regulations is available on wetten.overheid.nl.

Contracted

You have chosen to take out the Menzis Basis Voordelig. This is an insurance that is intended for everybody who lives in or outside of the Netherlands and who has to take out healthcare insurance. Menzis Basis Voordelig is a contracted care policy. Contracted (or in-kind) means that you are entitled to the care itself. This includes waiting list mediation. All care for which you are insured is described on the following pages.

Going to a contracted care provider

In-kind benefits means that you are entitled to the care itself. Menzis, therefore, concludes contracts with care providers with regard to quality, price, accessibility and access times. Menzis has made arrangements that the bill of the care provider is sent directly to Menzis. You can check which type of care provider can deliver the care in the Articles below. A care provider is, for example, a hospital, medical specialist, speech therapist, physiotherapist, etc.

Please note: the contracted offer may change during the year. Always check Menzis Zorgvinder (Menzis Care Finder) in advance to check whether your care provider has a contract.

Menzis Zorgvinder (Menzis Care Finder)

Menzis has made arrangements with healthcare providers about the quality, price, accessibility and access times. You can check which care providers we have contracted via 'Menzis Zorgvinder (Menzis Care Finder)', on menzis.nl/zorgvinder.

Going to a non-contracted care provider

If you opt for a care provider that has not concluded a contract with Menzis, Menzis only reimburses part of the invoice from the care provider. What is more, the reimbursement is always lower than the amount Menzis contracted on average for that treatment. The amount of the reimbursement depends on the type of care:

Reimbursement	Type of care
65% reimbursement of the invoice from the care provider, subject to a maximum of 65% of the amount Menzis contracted on average for that treatment, in case of:	Quitting smoking Occupational therapy Physical therapy Combined lifestyle intervention (GLI) Medical Care for Specific Patient Groups Speech therapy Preventative foot care Care and support for children with overweight or suffering from obesity Dietetics Maternity care Obstetric care District nursing
70% reimbursement of the invoice from the care provider, subject to a maximum of 70% of the amount Menzis contracted on average for that treatment, in case of:	Dietary preparations Medicines Medical devices Mental healthcare
75% reimbursement of the invoice from the care provider, subject to a maximum of 75% of the amount Menzis contracted on average for that treatment, in case of:	Medical Specialist Care in a hospital Medical Specialist Care at an independent treatment centre (ZBC) Plastic surgery IVF Genetic examination First-line diagnostics Dialysis at home Rehabilitation Transplantation Admission Sensory care for the disabled Second opinion Thrombosis service

Reimbursement	Type of care
80% reimbursement of the invoice from the care provider, subject to a maximum of 80% of the amount Menzis contracted on average for that treatment, in case of:	Audio logical assistance First-line admission
100% reimbursement of the invoice from the care provider, subject to a maximum of 100% of the amount Menzis contracted on average for that treatment, in case of:	General practitioner care (GLI, preventative foot care, care and support for children with overweight or suffering from obesity, first-line diagnostics and Medical Care for Specific Patient Groups excluded) Dental care Oncological care for children

More information about this can be found on our website menzis.nl/vergoedingen. You can also contact Menzis Customer Service. Any personal contributions that are owed and, subsequently, mandatory and voluntary excesses will be deducted from the amount to be reimbursed.

Hardship clause

If you would prefer a care provider without a care agreement, but the lower reimbursement is preventing you from making this decision, you can indicate to us why this lower reimbursement is preventing you from making this decision and request that a higher percentage be reimbursed as yet. We will handle your request and will inform you within 3 weeks. Thereafter, any personal contributions to be paid and the mandatory and voluntary excess will be deducted from the amount to be reimbursed.

Note

Ask your care provider about his treatment rate and the treatment code in advance. The treatment code can be used to determine the maximum reimbursement. Please take into account unexpected circumstances, such as complications, follow-up treatments, a different treatment code or postponement of treatment. A different treatment code or postponement of treatment may affect the amount of the reimbursement. Complications or follow-up treatments may result in the non-contracted care provider charging additional costs. The amount you have to pay yourself may be higher if this is the case.

Note

- Healthcare providers are obliged to register under the Healthcare Providers Access Act (Wtza) or to have a permit to provide healthcare. An exception applies to some healthcare providers. You can only go to a healthcare provider that meets the requirements of the Wtza.
- Care provided by a care provider that does not meet the criteria as specified in the insurance terms and conditions will not be eligible at all for reimbursement.

Contracted volume (revenue ceiling)

If Menzis has a contract with a care provider, an agreement may have been made about the maximum volume (revenue ceiling). This may mean that the care provider no longer needs to accept you for treatment if his or her revenue ceiling has (nearly) been reached. The care provider or Menzis will help you find another care provider who can treat you when this is the case. If agreements have been made with a care provider about the volume (revenue ceilings), this will be indicated in the ZorgVinder (Care Finder). If you are already being treated when the care provider reaches his or her revenue ceiling, you will not be affected. You can complete the treatment with your care provider.

Reasonable term and distance

You are entitled to care within a reasonable term and within a reasonable distance from your home address. What is deemed to be reasonable will depend on the type and urgency of the care. You are, in any case, entitled to care within the term that is deemed to be acceptable as a maximum in medical terms.

Content and scope of care

The content and scope of the care in these insurance terms and conditions are determined by what care providers 'tend to offer', the state-of-the-art and best practices. Many care types have not been described in detail in law. These care types have been indicated as care as a certain professional group tends to offer. This is how the care type is indicated. Whether a treatment falls under a covered care type, is in part determined by the state-of-the-art and best practices.

The aforementioned means that you are covered for the care that the involved professional group counts amongst the accepted range of medical examination and treatment methods. Other types of care are described in detail such as medication and medical aids. It also applies to this that these care types only belong to the covered care insofar as they meet the state-of-the-art and best practices. There is no 'state of the art' with regard to certain types of care, for example, in relation to non-emergency patient transport services. A slightly different rule applies in these cases: you are insured for the assistance that applies within the involved professional area as responsible and adequate care and services.

Care must be provided in accordance with the applicable Dutch quality standards.

Indication and efficiency

You will, of course only be examined or treated if this is required. There must be an indication to qualify for care. As the law prescribes, you must really be in need of this care. Which care is required for your case will be objectively determined. This care must, moreover, be effective. Care that is unnecessary or costs too much unnecessarily when compared to other types of care that is on an equal footing in view of the indication and your care need, will not be covered by the insurance.

Excess

You will have to pay a mandatory excess of € 385 per calendar year when you are 18 or older. You can also pay a voluntary excess of € 500 per calendar year in addition to your voluntary excess. Should you decide to accept a voluntary excess, you will receive a discount on the basis of the premium calculation. Per month an excess of € 500 amounts to a discount of € 17,50.

Note

Some forms of treatment are claimed with a treatment code, this is referred to formally as: a DBC care product (diagnosis treatment combination), such as the care you receive in a hospital. A DBC care product comprises all activities and procedures carried out by the hospital and the medical specialist for the purpose of diagnosis and treatment. The hospital claims a single amount for a DBC care product. In the event a DBC care product is provided in 2 consecutive years, the costs of the DBC care product count towards the excess of the year in which the DBC care product commenced (opening date). This means that if a DBC care product is opened in 2026 and closed in 2027, the costs of the DBC care product count towards the excess for the year 2026. If a new, follow-up DBC care product is opened after a DBC care product has been closed, you will have to pay excess again for this new DBC care product.

If you pay a personal contribution or payment, this will not be part of your excess. If the insurance does not start or end on 1 January of a year, the excess will be applied proportionally. First, the mandatory excess is applied and thereafter the voluntary excess. If Menzis pays your healthcare bill to the care provider directly, you or the policyholder (at the discretion of Menzis) must reimburse Menzis the excess. You or the policyholder will receive a bill from Menzis in this case. When a personal contribution applies, you will pay this amount either to your care provider or to Menzis.

i No Excess

The excess – mandatory and voluntary – does not apply to:

- maternity and obstetric care (the excess does apply to the costs of laboratory tests, medication and (ambulance) transport). Care received during and after child-birth is regarded as obstetric care, regardless of the outcome of the pregnancy (for instance a miscarriage), no mandatory excess applies to these costs and neither to treatment costs for health problems which occur within 6 weeks after child-birth and which are related to the pregnancy,
- the non-invasive prenatal test (NIPT),
- medical aids that are issued on loan (the excess does apply to the consumables of the medical aid),
- the costs of registering with a general practitioner (GP) or an institution providing GP care,
- General practitioner care, multidisciplinary care which includes general practitioner care, stop smoking programmes and combined lifestyle interventions. Laboratory examinations, imaging diagnostics and functional examinations requested by the general practitioner are covered by the excess if these examinations are carried out elsewhere and are charged separately. The excess also applies to Medical Care for Specific Patient Groups,
- chronic medical assessment Solely prescription medication use if you visit a pharmacy or general practitioner,
- nursing and (home) care,
- donors, they do not have to pay a compulsory excess for care directly related to organ donation,
- transport of the donor in relation to transplants that are listed in the “Transplant” article at the 8th and 9th hyphen under “Which care”,
- follow-up check-ups of the donor with regard to transplantation after the period specified in the Transplantation the article at the 7th hyphen under “Which care” has elapsed,
- Medication and nicotine-replacing substances as part of a quit smoking programme, if you purchase them from a contracted care provider.
- Cross-domain and cross-sector collaboration,
- Advice from a healthcare provider, requested by the general practitioner, to provide an appropriate diagnosis, treatment or referral.

i Examples

1. You will be 18 on 20 November. The excess will then apply as from 1 December. The excess related to a 31/365 part applies for that year.
2. You will have to pay an excess of € 385. You are treated in hospital but will not receive a bill. Menzis will pay the costs directly to the hospital. You will, next, receive a bill from Menzis for € 385.
3. You are admitted to hospital on 20.12.2026 and are discharged on 10.01.2027. The excess will now be applied once in 2026.

Order of personal payments

Different types of personal payments may apply to the reimbursement of a bill. The order in which they are applied is:

1. any non-insured part is deducted from a bill,
2. any part that is not reimbursed because the care provider does not have a contract with Menzis,
3. any personal contribution,
4. the still outstanding part of a mandatory excess,
5. The still outstanding part of any voluntarily selected excess.

Other

Forensic care as referred to in Section 2 of the Forensic Care Interim Decree and youth mental healthcare as referred to in Section 10.2, first paragraph, of the Dutch Youth Care Act as referred to in Section 1.1 of the Dutch Youth Care Act is not insured in your Basic Insurance. We have made agreements with municipalities for integral care provision (Section 14a of the Dutch Healthcare Insurance Act). Insofar as they may be important for the insurance terms and conditions, they have been processed in these insurance terms and conditions in accordance with Section 14a, paragraph 1.

Abroad

The rules of these insurance terms and conditions, EC Regulation 883/2004 and bilateral agreements apply to care abroad.

Which care?

The terms and conditions as specified below for the different care types in the insurance terms and conditions apply to care abroad. You are entitled to care provided by a foreign care provider contracted by Menzis. If care is provided by a non-contracted care provider, you will be reimbursed for the costs of care that you would receive in the Netherlands from a non-contracted care provider. If you are residing or staying in another EU/EEA country or Treaty Country and not the Netherlands, you can choose from:

- right to care in accordance with the statutory scheme of that country,
- right to care from a care provider contracted by Menzis, or
- reimbursement of costs for care from a non-contracted care provider that you would be reimbursed if you would receive care from a non-contracted care provider in the Netherlands.

This choice will also be available to you if you reside in another EU/EEA country or Treaty Country and are staying in the Netherlands or another EU/EEA country or Treaty Country temporarily. If you reside or are staying in a country that is not an EU/EEA country or Treaty Country, you will be entitled to the reimbursement of the costs of care that you would be given in the Netherlands by a non-contracted care provider.

Permission

For hospital care abroad, that is to say medical care with admission in an institution of at least one night in another country than the country where you reside, you will require prior permission from Menzis. You can contact us for more information.

Prior permission is not required when care is needed while you are abroad and the care involved cannot be deferred in all reasonableness until you return to the Netherlands.

Menzis Emergency Centre

If you are abroad and you require care there, you can call the Emergency Centre on +31 317 455 555. You will also find this telephone number on your Menzis Care Card. The Emergency Centre can be reached day and night. Call in the Emergency Centre direct to assist with regard to emergency care.

Additional information

You can find additional information about care abroad on menzis.nl/buitenland.

Audiological assistance

Audiological assistance is a type of medical specialist care. Audiological assistance is preventing, tracing, examining and treating different types of hearing disorders.

Which care?

You are entitled to:

- hearing disorder investigation,
- advice about hearing aids to be purchased,
- information provision about the use of the aids,
- psychosocial care when you are having problems with regard to the affected hearing,
- assistance when making a diagnosis with regard to speech and language disorders with regard to a child.

Which care provider?

You can visit an audiological centre for audiological assistance. This audiological assistance must be provided by a multidisciplinary team of experts affiliated with the audiological centre. In addition, the audiological centre must comply with the safety policy as formulated by FENAC. Menzis has contracts with audiological centres. You can select a centre from this list of centres. You will find an overview of care providers who have concluded a contract with Menzis on our website menzis.nl/zorgvinder by entering the “audiological assistance” search term. You can also contact Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You are only entitled to audiological assistance when you have a written referral from your general practitioner or medical specialist (pediatrician or throat, nose and ear specialist). A referral is valid for a maximum of one year.

Additional information

Would you like more information about hearing aids? Hearing aids are part of Medical aids. More information can be found in the Insurance Rules and Regulations and the Health Insurance Regulations. These rates can be found by visiting menzis.nl.

Dietetics

Dietetics is information provision about nutrition and eating habits with a medical objective. A dietitian is the appointed expert that discovers, studies and, if required, adjusts eating patterns. The dietitian can boost physical health by recommending a specific eating pattern (diet).

Which care?

You are entitled to a maximum of 3 treatment hours for dietetics per calendar year with a medical objective about eating and eating habits. A treatment hour consists of the planned time that you are consulting the dietician and the average time that is required for the work related to the consultation (for example, finding information, setting down a dietary recommendation on paper or providing a report to the doctor).

Which care provider?

You can visit a dietician who is earmarked as “Quality Registered” in the Paramedic Quality Register with regard to this care. You can find this register on kwaliteitsregisterparamedici.nl. Menzis has contracted dieticians. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of dieticians on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

No referral is required when you visit a dietician.

Dietary preparations

A dietary preparation or prescription diet is a food type with another composition and another form than normal food. An example is drip-feeding.

Which care?

You are entitled to polymer, oligomer, monomer and modular dietary preparations. You will only be entitled to dietary preparations when you cannot manage on an adjusted normal diet and/or other special diet products and if you:

- suffer from a metabolic disorder,
- suffer from a food allergy,
- suffer from a resorption disorder,
- suffer from a illness-related malnutrition determined through a validated screening instrument or are at risk of suffering from this, or
- are dependent on dietary preparations in accordance to the guidelines that have been accepted by the relevant professional groups in the Netherlands.

Which care provider?

For dietary preparations, you can visit a dispensing chemist's, a general practitioner with dispensing facilities or a supplier of dietary preparations. Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Treatment advice

You require treatment advice from a general practitioner, a medical specialist or a dietician.

Maximum period

You are entitled to dietary preparations for at most a month for each prescription.

Permission

If you use a contracted care provider, you should hand over a medical certificate completed by your general practitioner, medical specialist or dietician together with the prescription. If the indication conditions have been met, you will immediately be given the dietary preparations. If you use a care provider who has not concluded a contract with Menzis you will require prior permission from Menzis. You can in this case use a Menzis request form for pharmaceutical care. With the form you must enclose a written well-founded explanation from the doctor who is treating you. You can find the request form by visiting menzis.nl.

Note

Prior permission for infant formulae in case of cow's milk allergy:

- without carrying out a provocation test,
- when the child is aged two years or older,
- in excess of 1000 ml per day.

Note

- Should you purchase a dietetic preparation over the counter such as at the supermarket or a chemist, you will not be reimbursed for the incurred costs.
- The medical certificate will be assessed by the care provider. If you would rather the care provider does not do this, the medical certificate can be assessed by Menzis.

Primary care institution

It may be the case in specific situations that you have to deal with care requirements where your GP does not believe that it is medically responsible any more to stay at home, but where you do not have to be admitted to hospital. Your general practitioner can then determine in consultation with you that you be admitted in what is referred to as a primary care institution.

Which care?

You are entitled to stay during the 24 hours that are required medically in relation to medical care as general practitioners usually offer. You are also entitled to the related required nursing, care and paramedical care. Your admittance is insured for an uninterrupted period of 1,095 days. An interruption of a maximum of 30 days is not considered to be an interruption but does not count for the calculation of the 1,095 days. An interruption due to weekend or holiday leave does, however, count.

Which care provider?

Primary care institution takes place at an institution for nursing and care where the medical care is under responsibility of the general practitioner, geriatric specialist or doctor for mentally disorder. Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have entered into a contract with Menzis by using the “staying in a primary care institution” search string. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Indication and permission

You are only entitled to staying in a primary care institution if you have a prior written indication from your general practitioner, medical specialist (who can delegate this to a transfer nurse), geriatric specialist, doctor for the mentally challenged or social worker.

Genetic testing

Genetic testing is a form of medical specialist care (also see that Article). Genetic testing is carried out to determine whether a complaint or a congenital defect is hereditary.

Which care?

You are entitled to:

- central diagnostics, coordination and registration of supplied blood and bone marrow preparations,
- the examination into and of inherited defects by means of genealogical tests, chromosome tests, biochemical diagnostics, ultrasound and DNA tests,
- hereditary advice and the psychosocial supervision related to this care,
- testing of other people should this be necessary to provide advice. Advice can also be provided to the other people.

Which care provider?

You can visit a centre for genetic testing for this type of testing. This is an institution holding a permit pursuant to the Dutch Special Medical Procedures Act for the application of clinical genetic research and advice on matters concerning hereditary diseases. Menzis has contracts in place with centres for genetic testing. You can select a centre from this list of centres. You can find an overview of care providers who have concluded a contract with Menzis by visiting menzis.nl/zorgvinder and searching based on the “Genetic testing” search term. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non- contracted care provider.

Referral

You are only entitled to genetic testing when you have a written referral from your general practitioner or medical specialist issued in advance.

Occupational therapy

Occupational therapy helps people who experience problems in carrying out daily activities due to physical, mental, sensory or emotional complaints. The occupational therapist (also known as an ergotherapist) provides practical solutions in the environment of the client so that daily activities are again possible. The occupational therapist can also provide advice about the use of aids and offer support with regard to the request/application procedure.

Which care?

You are entitled to at most 10 treatment hours of occupational therapy per calendar year when the objective is stimulating and restoring your ability to care for yourself and your ability to live independently.

Which care provider?

You can visit an occupational therapist who has the entry of “Quality Registered” in the Paramedic Quality Register. You can find this register on kwaliteitsregisterparamedici.nl. Menzis has contracts in place with occupational therapists. You can select from these occupational therapists. You will find an

overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non- contracted care provider.

Referral

You do not need a referral if you visit a occupational therapist

Physiotherapy, exercise therapy, pelvic physiotherapy

Physiotherapy

The physiotherapist stabilises, reduces or restores a functional disorder or the results of this by applying physiotherapy, advice and/or supervision. The physiotherapist will try to improve the function of the posture and locomotory apparatus as well as other issues. Normal posture and movement will again be possible or you will learn how best to cope with your restrictions.

Which care?

You are entitled to physiotherapy. What you are exactly entitled to, will depend on whether you are older or younger than 18. Working on the improvement or retention of your physical condition in the form of medical fitness (or a comparable activity such as physiotherapy fitness, Slender You and group swimming) and extracorporeal shockwave therapy are not classed as being physiotherapy. You are not entitled to those treatments. More information and examples can be found on menzis.nl.

18 years old or older

You are entitled to physiotherapy as from the 21st treatment when a complaint is involved that has been specified on the list defined by the Minister of the Dutch Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport. You are entitled to physiotherapy for a maximum period in relation to a few conditions. You can find out whether this is the case from the list that the Minister of Public Health, Welfare and Sport has established. This is the list included in Annex 1 with Section 2.6 of the Decree on health insurance. You can find this list by visiting menzis.nl. You can also contact our Customer Service.

Note

You are not entitled to the first 20 treatments for each disorder based on your Basic Insurance. A number of treatments is included in the additional Menzis insurances. Check your additional insurance for more information.

Younger than 18

You are entitled to physiotherapy in the same cases as people who are 18 or older, but also from the first treatment. If you have a complaint that cannot be found on the list that the minister of Public Health, Welfare and Sport has established, you are entitled to 9 treatments at most for the each complaint per calendar year. If the first 9 treatments are not sufficient, you are entitled to another 9 treatments at most per year.

Which care provider?

You can visit a general physiotherapist for most complaints. For some specific complaints, you are best visiting a therapist who specialises in the treatment of these complaints. Examples of this include the following:

- the manual therapist: specialised in complaints in which the spinal column and limbs play a part,
- the child physiotherapist: specialised in complaints in which the motor development and learning of the child play a crucial role,
- the geriatric physiotherapist: specialised in complaints in vulnerable older people and clients/ patients with a high (biological) age who have to deal with complex health issues,
- the pelvic physiotherapist: specialised in complaints in which the pelvic region and hips play a crucial role,
- the oedema therapist: specialised in complaints in which lymphoedema plays a crucial role.

We recommend asking your physiotherapist whether he or she specialises in the treatment of your complaints.

For treatment of Parkinson's disease, you can only go to a physiotherapist who is affiliated with ParkinsoNet and who is registered in the Individueel Register Fysiotherapie (IRF, Individual Register Physiotherapy) or in the Keurmerk Fysiotherapie Individueel Register (KFIR, Individual Physiotherapy Quality Mark).

Note

You can only visit a general physiotherapist, child physiotherapist, manual therapist, oedema physiotherapist, geriatric physiotherapist or a pelvic physiotherapist who is registered in the Individueel Register Fysiotherapie (IRF, Individual Register Physiotherapy) or in the Keurmerk Fysiotherapie Individueel Register (KFIR, Individual Physiotherapy Quality Mark). You can also visit a skin therapist who is registered as “Quality Registered” in the Paramedic Quality Register for oedema therapy and scar therapy. For questions regarding specialized physiotherapy you can contact our Customer Service.

By visiting menzis.nl/zorgvinder you will find an overview of care providers who have concluded contracts with Menzis. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You do not need a referral if you visit a physiotherapist. You do need proof of diagnosis. The proof of the diagnosis must contain at least the name of the patient and the person who made the diagnosis. The diagnosis must be specific enough to determine whether it concerns a condition that is listed in the Healthcare Insurance Decree and/or Appendix 1 Article 2.6 of the Healthcare Insurance Decree.

Note

It is possible that Menzis may make more inquiries about the purpose and need for the treatment at the physiotherapist. For example, when you receive more than 50 treatment sessions per year. Menzis and the professional group of physiotherapists believe that effective care provision is important. This ensures we can offer the correct treatment and we can keep costs as low as possible for you.

Exercise therapy

Exercise therapy is aimed at improving posture and the way in which people with physical complaints move. The idea behind the therapy is that posture and movement are unconsciously modified based on the complaints and that these complaints continue due to this. The therapy consists of exercises to correct posture and movement.

Which care?

You are entitled to exercise therapy. What you are exactly entitled to, will depend on whether you are older or younger than 18. Working on the improvement or retention of your physical condition in the form of medical fitness or a comparable activity such as Slender You and group swimming is not classed as exercise therapy. You are not entitled to those treatments. More information can be found on menzis.nl.

18 years old or older

You are entitled to exercise therapy as from the 21st treatment when a complaint is involved that has been specified on the list defined by the Minister of the Dutch Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport. You are entitled to exercise therapy for a maximum period in relation to a few conditions. You find out whether this is the case from the list that the Minister of Public Health, Welfare and Sport has established. The list is included in Annex 1 of Article 2.6 of the Dutch Health Insurance Decree. You can find this list by visiting menzis.nl. You can also contact Customer Service.

Note

You are not entitled to the first 20 treatments. A number of treatments is included in the additional Menzis insurances. Check your additional insurance for more information.

Younger than 18

You are entitled to exercise therapy in the same cases as people who are 18 or older, but also from the first treatment. If you have a complaint that cannot be found on the list, you are entitled to 9 treatments at most for each complaint per year. If the first 9 treatments are not sufficient, you are entitled to another 9 treatments at most per year.

Which care provider?

You can visit an exercise therapist or a child exercise therapist who is registered as a “Quality registered” practitioner in the Paramedic Quality Register.

Menzis has contracted exercise therapists. You can select an exercise therapist from this list. You will find an overview of care providers who concluded a contract with Menzis on menzis.nl/zorgvinder. You can contact our Customer Service for more information about exercise therapy. The “To a non-

contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non- contracted care provider.

Referral

You do not need a referral if you visit a physiotherapist. You do need proof of diagnosis. The proof of the diagnosis must contain at least the name of the patient and the person who made the diagnosis. The diagnosis must be specific enough to determine whether it concerns a condition that is listed in the Healthcare Insurance Decree and/or Appendix 1 Article 2.6 of the Healthcare Insurance Decree.

Pelvic physiotherapy with regard to urine incontinency

The pelvic physiotherapist will help you recognise and train all relevant muscles around the pelvic area. The pelvic floor is a sling of muscles at the bottom of the pelvis that supports the stomach organs, opens and closes the pelvic exit and contributes towards pelvic stability. The pelvic floor muscles work closely together with the stomach and back muscles and play an important role with regard to our daily movement and in preventing back and pelvic pain.

Which care?

You are entitled to 9 pelvic physiotherapy treatments at most in relation to urine incontinency when you are 18 or older, starting at the first treatment.

Which care provider?

You can visit a pelvic physiotherapist who is registered in the Individueel Register Fysiotherapie (IRF, Individual Register Physiotherapy) or in the Keurmerk Fysiotherapie Individueel Register (KFIR, Individual Physiotherapy Quality Mark).

Menzis has contracted therapists. You can select from these therapists. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have entered into a contract with Menzis. You can also call Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You do not need a referral if you visit a pelvic physiotherapist. You do need proof of urinary incontinence diagnosis from your attending physician. The proof of the diagnosis must contain at least the name of the patient and the person who made the diagnosis.

Intermittent claudication

Intermittent claudication is related to symptomatic peripheral arterial disease, a type of disability when walking. The arteries in your legs carry too little oxygen for the muscles that you use when walking within this context. This is because these arteries have narrowed. Narrowing occurs because of arteriosclerosis (Intermittent claudication condition).

Which care?

If you are 18 or older, you will be entitled for at most 12 months to at most 37 exercise therapy sessions under supervision of a physiotherapist or exercise therapist if you suffer from intermittent claudication, starting from the first treatment. Intermittent claudication is deemed to mean the following: peripheral arterial disease in stage 2 Fontaine.

Which care provider?

You can visit a physiotherapist or exercise therapist who is a member of Chronisch ZorgNet. Menzis has contracted therapists. You can select from these therapists. You will find an overview of care providers

on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have entered into a contract with Menzis. You can also contact Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You do not need a referral if you visit a physiotherapist or exercisetherapist who is a member of Chronisch ZorgNet. You do need proof of the diagnosis Intermittent claudication from your attending physician. The proof of the diagnosis must contain at least the name of the patient and the person who made the diagnosis.

Fall-preventative movement intervention

Fall-preventative movement intervention is aimed at reduction of all risks. You may receive the advice to start attending a movement programme based on a fall risk analysis carried out by the general practitioner. This is referred to as fall-preventative movement intervention.

Which care?

If you are aged 18 or over you are entitled to a fall-preventative movement intervention. What you are entitled to exactly depends on your fall risks and the underlying or additional somatic or psychological problems.

You are entitled to a fall-preventative movement intervention once per 12 months.

Which care provider?

You can go to a physical therapist or exercise therapist who is specialised in Otago (an individual exercise program or in a group of maximum 6 persons) or In Balans (an exercise program for a group of maximum 6 persons). This care provider must also have agreements with your municipality and 'ketenpartners' for a fall-preventive movement intervention. Menzis has contracted therapists. Please visit menzis.nl if you require more information about this. You may choose from among these therapists. You may also contact our Customer Service. The article entitled ‘To a non-contracted care provider’ at the start of this chapter (Basic Insurance) indicates which costs are reimbursed to you if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You will only be entitled to a fall-preventative movement intervention if you received a written referral from the general practitioner, elderly care specialist, physician assistant or nurse specialist in advance.

Artrose van heup- of kniegewricht

Arthrosis is wear of a joint. The cartilage becomes thinner and is damaged.

Which care?

If you are 18 or older, you will be entitled for at most 12 months to at most 12 exercise therapy sessions under supervision of a physiotherapist or exercise therapist if you suffer from arthrosis of the hip or knee joint, starting from the first treatment.

Which care provider?

You can visit a physiotherapist or exercise therapist. Menzis has contracted therapists. You can select from these therapists. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have entered into a contract with Menzis. You can also call our Customer Service desk. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

COPD is a pulmonary disease that has damaged your lungs. Breathing is more difficult and you have less energy. The abbreviation COPD stands for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease.

Exacerbation applies in case the illness becomes more active after having shown no or little activity for a prolonged period of time.

Which care

If you are aged 18 or over you are entitled to exercise therapy under the supervision of a physiotherapist or exercise therapist in case of stage II or higher of the GOLD Classification for spirometry, starting from the first treatment. This must be established by a doctor.

Which care provider?

You can visit a physiotherapist or exercise therapist who is a member of Chronisch ZorgNet. Menzis has contracted therapists. You can select from these therapists. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have entered into a contract with Menzis. You can also call our Customer Service desk. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

You do not need a referral if you visit a physiotherapist or exercise therapist who is a member of Chronisch ZorgNet. You do need proof of the diagnosis COPD Gold II or higher from your attending physician. The proof of the diagnosis must contain at least the name of the patient and the person who made the diagnosis.

Arthritis

Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) is a chronic autoimmune disease in which you have inflammation in the joints and often also in your bursae and tendons. Axial spondyloarthritis (axSpA) is a chronic inflammatory disease and systemic disorder mainly characterized by inflammation of the joints of the pelvis and spine. These conditions can cause serious functional limitations that prevent you from performing daily activities. Long-term, personal, active physiotherapy or exercise therapy can help to prevent serious deterioration.

Which care?

If you are 18 or older, you will be entitled to a treatment course of long-term personalized supervised active exercise therapy under supervision of a physiotherapist or exercise therapist if you suffer from rheumatoid arthritis or axial spondyloarthritis with serious functional limitations., starting from the first treatment.

Which care provider?

You can visit a physiotherapist or exercise therapist who has completed the training for RA and axSpA for physiotherapists and exercise therapists. The therapists who have completed this training can be found on the [website](#) of the KNGF. You can also ask your physiotherapist about this.

Menzis has contracted therapists. You can select from these therapists. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have entered into a contract with Menzis. You can also contact Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You do not need a referral if you visit a physiotherapist or exercisetherapist. You do need proof of the diagnosis rheumatoid arthritis or axial spondyloarthritis from your attending physician. The proof of the diagnosis must contain at least the name of the patient and the person who made the diagnosis.

Mental healthcare

Mental Healthcare provides diagnostics and treatment for people with psychological disorders. The objective is to restore or improve mental health and to improve the quality of life. Mental Healthcare is subdivided into psychological care provided by the general practitioner (see the article general practitioner care for more information), mental healthcare without hospitalisation and mental healthcare with hospitalisation. Youth mental healthcare as referred to in Section 10.2, first paragraph, of the Dutch Youth Care Act as referred to in Section 1.1 of the Dutch Youth Care Act is not insured.

Specialist mental healthcare without admission

Mental healthcare without admission means that you visit the care provider regularly for your treatment but that you stay at home where you also sleep. Most psychological disorders can be treated without admission.

Which care?

You are entitled to a diagnosis and treatment for recognised mental DSM disorders. DSM stands for Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders. The scope of care within mental healthcare without admission is limited by what clinical psychologists and psychiatrists tend to offer.

You are also entitled to a consultation at the request of your general practitioner. During this consultation a mental health professional, a social worker and you will discuss the support or care you need.

Note

- Not every treatment of a mental disorder or mental healthcare treatment is covered by the Basic Insurance. Ask your care provider or ask our Menzis Care Advisor (Care Advice) for information before your treatment starts.
- You are not entitled to treatment of adaptive disorders and to assistance with regard to mental complaints that are related to work and relational issues.
- If you submit a bill to Menzis, it must contain all data that is required in accordance with legislation and regulations. You can find it by visiting menzis.nl. Menzis can ask for additional information from you to establish the legitimacy of the claim.
- Addiction healthcare is often expensive and is not really guaranteed in all cases and certainly when addiction healthcare takes place abroad. Therefore, ensure you are correctly informed in advance if you want to be treated for addiction. You can contact the Menzis Care Advisor for this.

Which care provider?

You can see an independent care provider or visit a mental healthcare institution. The AGB register must state that the healthcare provider has a quality charter that meets the requirements of the National Quality Charter for Mental Healthcare (Landelijk Kwaliteitsstatuu GGZ). The healthcare

provider must comply with this charter. A treatment coordinator is responsible for the entire treatment. They are also the central point of contact for everyone involved, including you as a patient.

Menzis has contracted care providers. You may choose from these care providers. All care providers contracted by Menzis have a quality charter. Visit menzis.nl/zorgvinder for an overview of care providers who have concluded an agreement with Menzis. You can also contact the customer service department. The article entitled 'Visiting a non-contracted care provider' at the start of this chapter (Basic health insurance) shows what is reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

If you see a non-contracted care provider, check before treatment whether this care provider has a quality charter that meets the requirements of the National Quality Charter for Mental Healthcare (Landelijk Kwaliteitsstatuut GGZ). You can contact the customer service department. You can also contact the relevant care provider or visit the website of the healthcare provider. The care provided will not be reimbursed if the care provider you visit does not have a registered quality charter of the National Quality Charter for Mental Healthcare (Landelijk Kwaliteitsstatuut GGZ).

Referral

- You are only entitled to mental healthcare without admission if you have a prior written referral from the general practitioner, company doctor, medical specialist, emergency room doctor, street doctor, society and health doctor or your directive practitioner. This referral letter must comply with the 'Mental healthcare referral agreements' established by the Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport.
- If the exploratory consultation shows that you are entitled to mental health care, you will need a referral.

Note

- If you decide not to go to your appointment and you have not cancelled it in time, you must pay the relevant costs yourself.
- If you do not wish the diagnosis code to be specified on the bill but want to claim the costs, a doctor's declaration is required in advance or with the first bill at the latest. You must sign a doctor's declaration together with your practitioner and send it to Menzis. This doctor's declaration pro forma can be found by visiting menzis.nl/vergoedingen.
- Have you started treatment under the Youth Act (Jeugdwet) with a healthcare provider that doesn't have an approved quality statute? And will this treatment continue after you turn 18? Then the costs of this treatment are eligible for reimbursement under certain conditions. These conditions can be found in the "Regulations for the transition from the Youth Act to the Health Insurance Act upon reaching 18," which is part of the National Quality Statute for Mental Healthcare (Landelijk Kwaliteitsstatuut GGZ).

Specialist mental healthcare with admission

Some mental issues are of such a serious nature that treatment without admission is not sufficient. Admission at a psychiatric clinic or the psychiatric ward of a general hospital is then the best solution. This means that you will be given your treatment in the clinic or hospital and this also means that you will be living and sleeping in the clinic or the hospital for the duration of the treatment. The decision may also be taken to admit the patient in the case of a crisis situation.

Which care?

You are entitled to:

- diagnosis and treatment of complex and/or multiple recognized DSM mental disorders where a multidisciplinary approach is often required. DSM stands for Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders. The scope of care within mental healthcare without admission is limited by what clinical psychologists and psychiatrists tend to offer.
- admission and remaining during twenty-four hours in a psychiatric hospital or in a psychiatric department of a hospital during 1,095 days at most. If your admission is interrupted for less than 31 days, the days that the interruption lasts do not count towards the 1,095 days. Counting continues after the interruption.
- the paramedical care and medication, medical aids and dressing material, nursing and care related to the treatment during the period of admission.

Note

- Not every treatment of a mental disorder or mental healthcare treatment is covered by the Basic insurance. Ask your care provider before you are admitted for treatment or ask the Menzis Care Advisor.
- You are not entitled to treatment of adaptive disorders and to assistance with regard to psychological complaints that are related to work and relational issues.
- Addiction healthcare is often expensive and is not really guaranteed in all cases and certainly when addiction healthcare takes place abroad. Therefore, ensure you are correctly informed in advance if you want to be treated for addiction. You can contact the Menzis Care Advisor.

Which care provider?

You can visit a mental healthcare institution. The AGB register must state that the healthcare provider has a quality charter that meets the requirements of the National Quality Charter for Mental Healthcare (Landelijk Kwaliteitsstatuut GGZ). The healthcare provider must comply with this charter. A treatment coordinator is responsible for the entire treatment. They are also the central point of contact for everyone involved, including you as a patient.

Menzis has contracted care providers. You may choose from these care providers. All care providers contracted by Menzis have a quality charter. Visit menzis.nl/zorgvinder for an overview of care providers who have concluded an agreement with Menzis. You can also contact the customer service department. The article entitled 'Visiting a non-contracted care provider' at the start of this chapter (Basic health insurance) shows what is reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

If you go to a non-contracted care provider, check whether this care provider has a quality charter that meets the requirements of the National Quality Charter for Mental Healthcare (Landelijk Kwaliteitsstatuut GGZ) prior to the treatment. You can contact Customer Service. You can also contact the relevant care provider or visit the website of the care provider. If the healthcare provider whom you visit does not have a registered quality charter of the National Quality Charter for Mental Healthcare (Landelijk Kwaliteitsstatuut GGZ).

Referral

You are only entitled to mental healthcare without admission if you have a prior written referral from the general practitioner, company doctor, medical specialist, emergency room doctor, street doctor,

society and health doctor or your directive practitioner. No referral is needed in the case of acute care. However, an immediate referral is required for any treatment that takes place after the acute situation has passed.

The referral contains a clear request for help that can be answered by the mental healthcare centre, must refer specifically to the mental healthcare centre and must at least state what the mental (DSM) disorder suspected by the referrer is and the reason for the referral. The referral must comply with the 'Mental healthcare referral agreements' established by the Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport. Among other things, this means your treatment must start within 9 months of the referral being issued. If there are more than 9 months in between, ask for a new referral.

Permission

- If you decide to have treatment with admission at a care provider who has not entered into a contract with Menzis, the incurred costs will not be fully reimbursed. You also require prior permission from Menzis. Contact Customer Service to apply for this permission.
- If you would like to use the esketamine, including Spravato, you will need Menzis's prior, written approval if you go to a non-contracted care provider. You can contact Customer Service in order to request this approval.

Note

- If you do not wish the diagnosis code to be specified on the bill but want to claim the costs, a doctor's declaration is required in advance or with the first bill at the latest. You must sign a doctor's declaration together with your practitioner and send it to Menzis. This doctor's declaration pro forma can be found by visiting menzis.nl/vergoedingen. The bill must contain all information that is required by legislation and regulations (with the exception, therefore, of the diagnosis code). Visit menzis.nl for information on these requirements.
- Have you started treatment under the Youth Act (Jeugdwet) with a healthcare provider that doesn't have an approved quality statute? And will this treatment continue after you turn 18? Then the costs of this treatment are eligible for reimbursement under certain conditions. These conditions can be found in the "Regulations for the transition from the Youth Act to the Health Insurance Act upon reaching 18," which is part of the National Quality Statute for Mental Healthcare (Landelijk Kwaliteitsstatuut GGZ).

Medical care for specific patient groups (GZSP)

Medical care for specific patient groups (GZSP) includes a range of care options for vulnerable individuals who (still) live at home and have (highly) complex health issues. Their care needs are multifaceted and can range from somatic, psychological, and/or behavioral health issues.

Which care?

You are entitled to generalist care aimed at vulnerable patients.

This care can be provided individually or in groups. The care provided must comply with the Principles of "Group Care" for Medical Care for Specific Patient Groups (GZSP) and the Principles of "Individual Performance" for Medical Care for Specific Patient Groups (GZSP). These principles were jointly developed by various healthcare providers, professional organizations, and the Dutch Health Insurers Association (ZN). You can find these principles at zn.nl/publicaties.

Which healthcare provider?

You can consult a geriatrician or a physician specialized in intellectual disabilities. The geriatrician or physician specialized in intellectual disabilities may also involve other healthcare professionals in the treatment.

Menzis has contracted care providers. You may choose from these care providers. Visit menzis.nl/zorgvinder for an overview of care providers who have concluded an agreement with Menzis. You can also contact the customer service department. The article entitled 'Visiting a non-contracted care provider' at the start of this chapter (Basic health insurance) shows what is reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You are only entitled to medical care for specific patient groups if you have a prior written referral from a general practitioner or medical specialist.

Medication

A medication (or drug) is a substance that has a specific, desired effect on the body. Medication is available in all different forms such as in tablet, injection liquid, suppository or plaster form. There are thousands of medications available on the market. Producers require a marketing authorisation in order to launch a medication on to the market. This authorisation is only granted if the (branded or non-branded) medication meets strict quality criteria.

Which care?

Registered medication

With the exception of the excluded products referred to under the header 'Preference policy', you are entitled to all medication that the Minister of the Dutch Ministry of Health, Welfare and Sport has included in the insurance package. Which medication has been included can be found in Annex 1 of the Healthcare Insurance Rules and Regulations. You can consult the Health Insurance Regulations and annexes by visiting overheid.nl. If you want to find out whether a specific medication is on the list, you can also contact our Customer Service.

Non-registered medication

You are entitled to medication that is prepared in the dispensing chemist's itself. You are also entitled to medication that your doctor orders for you for use if this medication is prepared by a manufacturer in the Netherlands as referred to in Article 1, paragraph 1, mm of the Dutch Medicines Act. If an order of medication is involved that is not available on the Dutch market but is available in another country, this is only allowed if you are suffering from an illness that does not occur more than 1 time in every 150,000 residents in the Netherlands. In all cases this must involve a rational pharmacotherapy. That is to say, the treatment is taking place with a medication form that is suitable for the patient regarding which the effectiveness and efficacy has been demonstrated based on scientific literature and which also is the most economical for the healthcare insurance.

Advice and support

The advice and the support by the person who has made the medication available are included in this care.

Note

Restrictions apply with regard to: preference policy, indication, location where administered and maximum period.

Preference policy

All medication has an active ingredient. You are entitled to all active ingredients that are present in the medication listed in annex 1 of the Health Insurance Regulations. Often, different medications with the same active ingredient are available on the market. You will only be entitled to some medicines with the same active substance and the same form of administration to those medicines that are indicated by Menzis. These are the preferred medications. The Insurance Rules and Regulations lists for which active ingredients preferred medication has been indicated and which medication this involves. It may be the case in exceptional cases that treatment with a preferred medication is not medically safe. In such cases you are entitled to receive a different medication from Annex 1 of the Health Insurance Regulations. You can consult the Health Insurance Regulations and the annexes by visiting overheid.nl.

Preferred medication

If treatment with a preferred medication is not justifiable medically and, therefore, you wish to use another, non-preferred medication, you require prior permission from Menzis. If you visit a dispensing chemist's with which Menzis has a contract in place, the pharmacist will give you the medication when you submit a prescription signed by a doctor on which the doctor has written "Medisch noodzakelijk" (Medically Required) or "MN" (MR). The same applies when you submit a declaration completed by your general practitioner, dentist, medical specialist, obstetrician or a Municipal Health Service doctor together with the prescription. If you visit a dispensing chemist's with which Menzis has not concluded a contract in place, use the Pharmaceutical Care Request Form to ask permission from Menzis. Enclose the motivated explanation of your doctor with this form. If medication is involved that you are using for the very first time, you will also be entitled to the medication for the first 15 days without Menzis' permission. You must, however, submit your request for permission at Menzis within those 15 days. If you do not submit the request on time you will no longer be entitled to be reimbursed for the non-preferred medication after the 15th day has elapsed.

Indication

You will only be entitled to reimbursement of the costs of certain medication when you have an indication that is described in the legal regulations. You can find information about these medications and indications in Annex 2 related to the Health Insurance Regulations. You can consult the Health Insurance Regulations and annexes by visiting overheid.nl. Other conditions also apply to some medicines that are specified in Annex 2. These conditions are specified in the Insurance Rules and Regulations. You can find the Insurance Rules and Regulations on menzis.nl or you can request them from Menzis Customer Service.

Location where administered

Some drugs may only be administered and/or given in a hospital when the relevant medication needs to be taken except when Menzis has given permission for the drugs to be administered or given elsewhere. These drugs are listed in table 2 of the Insurance Rules and Regulations. The drugs that are listed in table 3 of the Insurance Rules and Regulations may only be administered and/or given in a hospital when required. Administration or giving outside the hospital is not insured. The Insurance Rules and Regulations also define what is understood by a hospital.

Minimum and maximum supply period for medicines

The doctor's prescription and the prescribed quantity of medicine is guiding for the quantity of medicine supplied by your pharmacy, unless this exceeds the abovementioned quantities. Another reason may be that the shelf life of a medicine means that you are only supplied with part of the medicine. The pharmacist will always discuss this with you.

- In case of a newly prescribed medicine, you will be supplied with medicine for 15 days. Or you will receive the smallest medicine package. You will receive the smallest package of the preferred medicine if it concerns a medicine to which the preference policy applies.
- Contraceptive pills are subject to a delivery term of 3 months for a newly prescribed medicine. A term of 6 or 12 months, to be decided by the insured person in consultation with the pharmacist or the pharmacist's assistant, also applies.
- Medicines that are more expensive than €2,500 per month are supplied for a period of at most 1 month after they have been issued. HIV medication may be supplied for a period of at most 3 months after an adjustment period of 3 months.
- Medicines that treat a chronic disease for 3 months and at most 6 months if it concerns medicine indicated as preferred by Menzis, unless you are demonstrably not permitted to have a medicine in your possession for that long for medical reasons.
- Sleeping pills and sedatives for a period of 1 month.
- Medicine use during intensive care at home (pharmaceutical care during the palliative and terminal phase) a period of 15 days applies. A custom arrangement may also be concluded in consultation between the insured person, the doctor or general practitioner, district nurse and the pharmacist.
- For all other cases at least 1 month.

Personal contribution

You may have to pay a personal contribution. All medicines that you are entitled to can be found in Annex 1 of the Health Insurance Regulations. This Annex has a section A and a section B. All medicines for which a reimbursement limit has been set can be found in section A. If you use medication that costs more than the reimbursement limit, you need to pay the part that is higher than the limit. This also applies when the medication that you use is prepared from a medication that costs more than the reimbursement limit. You do not have to pay more than €250 in personal contributions for medication per calendar year. If the medication can be found in section B, there is no reimbursement limit.

Note

The personal contribution is not the same as the mandatory excess. You will have to pay both.

Exclusions

You are not entitled to medication:

- in the cases specified in the Health Insurance Regulations,
- in the case of there being a risk of becoming ill when travelling,
- for tests as referred to in Article 40, third paragraph, b, of the Dutch Medicines Act,
- that are equivalent or almost equivalent to any non-designated, registered medicine, unless it concerns a pharmacy preparation of a medicine included in Appendix 3, part A, of the Healthcare Insurance Regulations, or it concerns a pharmacy preparation of a medicine in respect of which the Minister has not yet made a decision regarding inclusion in the insured package, as apparent from appendices 1 and 3 of the Healthcare Insurance Regulations,
- which are included in Appendix 3, part B, of the Healthcare Insurance Regulations,

- as referred to in Article 40, third paragraph, f, of the Dutch Medicines Act.

Which care provider?

You can visit a dispensing chemist's or a general practitioner with dispensing facilities for medication. Menzis has contracts in place with pharmacists and GPs who have a pharmacy. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also call Customer Service. The "To a non-contracted care provider" article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Prescription

You require a prescription from a general practitioner, dentist, medical specialist, obstetrician, company doctor or Municipal Health Service doctor. Or from a geriatric specialist if you are staying in a first-line care facility (ELV).

Permission

For some medication you will require prior permission from Menzis. The specific medication that is involved has been specified in the Insurance Rules and Regulations in table 1. Your doctor can complete a doctor's declaration related to this medication. There are special forms for this. They can be found by visiting znformulieren.nl. If you visit a dispensing chemist's with which Menzis has a contract with this doctor's declaration, the chemist will assess whether you are entitled to this medication. You do not have to first ask Menzis' permission. If you decide to use a dispensing chemist's for the medication with which Menzis has not concluded a contract in place, you must ask prior permission from Menzis.

GP care

The general practitioner is the first point of contact if you have questions or problems regarding your health and illness. General medical care (as provided by, for example, a general practitioner) is freely accessible and person focused. You can be assisted in the evening, night and at weekends from a GP out-of-hours surgery.

Which care?

You are entitled to :

- general medical care except the flu jab,
- laboratory tests, representational diagnostics and function tests requested by a general practitioner. An exception to this are the examinations that, according to the NHG, are not within the general practitioner's area of expertise. [Menzis.nl](https://menzis.nl) lists these examinations,
- medical specialist care that borders on to the general practitioner medicine domain regarding which Menzis and the general practitioner have made agreements,
- care for mental disorders. The general practitioner arranges for the initial support in case of mental disorders and assesses whether he/she can treat you himself/herself or if you should be referred to mental healthcare without admission or mental healthcare with admission,
- chain care that is paid by applying the policy rule that has been defined based on the Dutch Healthcare (Market Regulation) Act for GP Care and multidisciplinary care. Visit menzis.nl/zorgvinder to find out with which general practitioners Menzis has made these agreements. Chain care is a care programme especially developed for people who suffer from type 2 diabetes, COPD (Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease) and VRM (Vascular Risk Management) in which multiple care providers participate to better harmonise the care. Visit menzis.nl for more information,

- a combined lifestyle intervention (GLI) that has been assessed as proven effective by the National Institute for Public Health and Environmental Protection (RIVM) and has been included in the list that can be found at [Loketgezondleven.nl](https://loketgezondleven.nl), if you have a moderate or strongly increased weight-related health risk. This must have been established by a general practitioner or medical specialist,
- care and support for children with overweight or suffering from obesity below the age of 18. This care consists of a broad analysis, supervision, coordination and a combined lifestyle intervention (GLI) for children. It must involve a moderate or strongly increased weight-related health risk (in accordance with the obesity care standard: BMI of 25 or higher with an increased risk of a chronic affliction or BMI higher than 30). You are only entitled to supervision and coordination if the treatment plan offers a GLI for children. The GLI for children is offered in the form of a programme. The website loketgezondleven.nl lists which GLI programs are recognized by the RIVM and are reimbursed. The GLI for children may last for at most 24 consecutive months. Supervision and coordination may last at most 3.5 years,
- Medical Care for Specific Patient Groups (GZSP) provided by a Geriatric Specialist or a Doctor for the Mentally Handicapped. For more information, see the article 'Medical care for specific patient groups',
- preventive foot care: if you have diabetes and an increased risk of foot ulcer (deep inflammation of the foot), or if you have an increased risk of a foot ulcer due to other medical conditions or medical treatment,
- fall risk analysis: an analysis of the causes of a possible fall you made or the determination of high risks of falling. You will then receive an advice and may be referred to start attending a movement programme. This is referred to as fall-preventative movement intervention. Please refer to the information in the article entitled 'Physiotherapy, exercise therapy and pelvic physiotherapy'.

Which care provider?

You should consult a general practitioner for general medical care. General practitioner care can also be provided by a care provider who works under the responsibility of a GP such as, for example, a doctor's assistant, nurse practitioner, somebody who supports the practice or a care provider with whom Menzis has made agreements about the general practitioner care. You can visit the GP out-of hours surgery or the general practitioner who is on call in the evenings, nights or during the weekend for GP care related to critical emergency issues. Ask your GP about which GP is on duty or to which GP station you can go. You will also find information on verenighinghuisartsenposten.nl.

For laboratory, representational diagnostics and function tests requested by a general practitioner you can go to a first-line diagnostics centre, a production group practice, a hospital or an independent treatment centre.

To have an IUD placed (to prevent pregnancy) you can also visit a obstetrician.

For the purpose of the Combined Lifestyle Intervention (GLI), you can apply to:

- a lifestyle coach who is registered in the BLCN register. BLCN stands for Beroepsvereniging Leefstijl Coaches Nederland (Professional Association of Lifestyle Coaches in the Netherlands).
- a paramedic (dietician, physiotherapist or exercise therapist) with the indication of lifestyle coach in the relevant register 'Kwaliteitsregister Paramedici'(KP), Individueel Register Fysiotherapie (IRF) or in 'Keurmerk Fysiotherapie Individueel Register' (KFIR),
- a partnership (such as a dietician and a physiotherapist) trained in the performance of the GLI designated as proven effective by RIVM, which is reimbursed from basic insurance.

Care and support for children with overweight or suffering from obesity below the age of 18:

- for a broad analysis, supervision and coordination you can visit a care provider trained as a central care provider. The central care provider must have agreements with the chain partners and your municipalities for care and support with overweight or suffering from obesity.
- for the purpose of a GLI for children you go to a care provider who has attended training as children's lifestyle coach and who cooperates with the municipality for dealing with overweight and obesity.

You can visit a podiatrist for preventive foot care outside the care pathway. The podiatrist can engage a pedicurist for preventive foot care. The pedicurist works under the responsibility of the podiatrist.

Note

If you visit a pedicure directly for preventive foot care, you will not be reimbursed for the incurred costs. The costs of a pedicure will only be reimbursed as part of the care pathway or if the podiatrist refers you to the pedicure.

Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select one of these care providers. You can find an overview of care providers with whom Menzis has concluded a contract for the relevant care by entering the search term General Practitioner Care, GZSP, First-line Diagnostics or footcare via menzis.nl/zorgvinder. You can also call Customer Service. The "To a non-contracted care provider" article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

- Foot care: You are only entitled to foot care when you have a written referral from your general practitioner or medical specialist issued in advance.
- Combined lifestyle intervention: You are only entitled to combined lifestyle intervention if you have obtained a written referral from your general practitioner, occupational physician or medical specialist in advance.
- Care and support for children with overweight or suffering from obesity below the age of 18: you are only entitled to a broad analysis, supervision and coordination by a central care provider and a GLI for children if you have obtained a written referral from your general practitioner, paediatrician or a doctor working in youth healthcare.

Permission

For care in a group for physically disabled people / people with non-congenital brain damage, you require prior permission from Menzis if the care lasts longer than 12 months.

Note

When the general practitioner requests laboratory and functional tests and imaging diagnostics, the mandatory excess applies if the test is performed elsewhere and is billed separately.

Medical aids

A medical aid is, for example, a hearing aid or a leg prosthesis but also incontinence, dressing and diabetes test material.

Which care?

You are entitled to functional aids that the Dutch Minister of Health, Welfare and Sport has included in the insurance package. Which aids these are can be found in the Health Insurance Regulations. Some groups of medical aids are described specifically in the Health Insurance Regulations while others are described based on their function. In the last case, this means that you are entitled to a medical aid that fits in with a described function restriction. Menzis has included an overview of medical aids in its Insurance Rules and Regulations that fall under the Health Insurance Regulations. Menzis has also set further conditions in the Insurance Rules and Regulations with regard to obtaining these medical aids.

Example of a medical aid described based on its function

“External medical aids to be used when checking and regulating disorders in the blood sugar level”. Diabetes testing material, for example.

Do you require a medical aid that belongs to function-based aids but this medical aid is not included in the Insurance Rules and Regulations? In this case, submit a request with Menzis. Menzis will assess your request. The assessment criteria are also included in the Health Insurance Regulations that you must meet to be entitled to the medical aid. You can find the Health Insurance Regulations and the Insurance Rules and Regulations by visiting menzis.nl. If you want to know whether a specific medical aid is on the list, you can also contact our Customer Service.

Personal contribution

A (percentage) statutory personal contribution or a maximum reimbursement applies to certain medical aids. You can find out from the Health Insurance Regulations whether this is the case and how much the personal contribution or maximum reimbursement will be. You pay the personal contribution to Menzis or the supplier. The statutory personal contributions and maximum reimbursements can also be found in the Insurance Rules and Regulations.

Which care provider?

You can approach a supplier of medical aids in order to receive these. Menzis has contracts in place with suppliers for the different medical aids. You can select suppliers from this list of contracted suppliers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can contact our Customer Service.

If you decide to visit a care provider who does not have a contract with Menzis, the costs will be reimbursed up to a maximum amount per treatment. Consult the Insurance Rules and Regulations to find out what is paid/reimbursed. If you use a supplier who has not concluded a contract with Menzis for a medical aid, this supplier must sometimes meet specific quality and expertise criteria. You can find out what they are in the Insurance Rules and Regulations where they are specified for each medical aid.

Permission

Whether permission from Menzis is required is specified in the Insurance Rules and Regulations for each medical aid. This may involve the first issue but also replacements, corrections or repairs to the medical aid. You do not require permission from Menzis for most medical aids that are supplied by a

contracted supplier. The supplier will assess your application. If the supplier is unsure whether Menzis will issue or reimburse the medical aid, the supplier will pass on the application to Menzis for permission.

Note

- If you wish to use a supplier who has not concluded a contract with Menzis, you require prior permission. Please specify on the request for permission that you wish to use a care provider who does not have a contract with Menzis.
- If you wish to receive a second medical aid that is exactly the same as the initial medical aid you will always require prior permission from Menzis.
- The Insurance Rules and Regulations explains the other terms and conditions that you must meet with regard to each medical aid, for example, including an explanation from a doctor.
- Your nursing specialist must complete a special form for the reimbursement of most dressing materials. Dressing materials will only be reimbursed in relation to a serious condition where longterm treatment is required. The special request form for dressing materials can be found by visiting znformulieren.nl/hulpmiddelen. You can also find more information in the Insurance Rules and Regulations.
- If Menzis has only contracted one supplier for a specific medical aid, Menzis can send the permission directly to this supplier as a copy. This also applies when the supply cannot wait because there is medical urgency.

Use of the medical aid

If you expressly damage the medical aid or if it is damaged because the medical aid has not been cared for properly due to you, you will not be entitled to a replacement, correction or repair of the medical aid before the use duration as specified in the Insurance Rules and Regulations has elapsed. If you have the medical aid on loan and you have expressly damaged it or if it is damaged because the medical aid has not been cared for properly by you, Menzis is entitled to recover the costs from you.

Note

- You are not entitled to compensation for the costs due to normal use of medical aids unless it has been determined in the Health Insurance Regulations that this is compensated. An example of normal use is the replacement of batteries.
- If use terms or use quantities are specified in the Insurance Regulations, they are provided to give a normal average. We can deviate from these use terms or use quantities in individual cases.
- If you are entitled to a medical aid, this is deemed to mean that you are entitled to the issue (reimbursement), replacement, correction or repair of a medical aid.
- For information on costs of home dialysis see: Non-clinical dialysis.
- For information on medical aids for the personal measuring of coagulation times see: Thrombosis service.

In-vitro fertilisation (IVF)

IVF and ICSI are fertility treatments. Both are ways of artificial insemination in which the egg is fertilized outside the body, but using different techniques. In IVF, the egg and sperm are combined, and the sperm must enter the egg itself. In ICSI, the sperm is injected directly into the egg.

Which care?

Your age will determine what you are entitled to exactly. Ask your care provider to inform you well before you start the treatment or ask the Care Advisor by contacting our Customer Service.

Younger than 38

You are entitled to the 1st, 2nd and 3rd IVF attempt per ongoing pregnancy to be realised. You are only entitled to the 1st and 2nd IVF attempt per ongoing pregnancy to be realised when a maximum of 1 embryo is placed back in the uterus. With the 3rd attempt a maximum of 2 embryos may be placed back in the uterus.

Age of 38 up to the age of 42

You are entitled to the 1st, 2nd and 3rd IVF attempt per ongoing pregnancy to be realised. With each attempt a maximum of 2 embryos may be placed back in the uterus per attempt.

An ongoing pregnancy is a pregnancy of:

- at least 10 weeks, calculated from the time of follicular puncture, or
- at least 9 weeks and 3 days, calculated from implantation in the case of cryopreserved (frozen) embryo transfer, or
- at least 12 weeks after the first day of the last menstrual period that occurred without medical intervention.

Note

- You are not entitled to IVF if you are 43 or older. You are entitled to IVF insofar as it concerns an IVF attempt that already started before you have reached the age of 43.
- ICSI treatment (intracytoplasmic sperm injection) and egg cell donation treatment are considered to be the same as IVF.
- The treatment of the donor of the cell and the donation of the cell are not covered by the insurance. Neither are the non-medical costs of sperm donation, including the cost of the sperm itself and of its transfer.
- IVF/ICSI treatments which have already been reimbursed by another health insurer are also seen as part of the total number of treatments.
- IVF/ICSI treatment with assisted hatching is not an insured service. Assisted hatching is a part of the total ICSI treatment. The professional group in the Netherlands does not carry this out. Assisted hatching is not a treatment in accordance with the state-of-the-art and practice. The entire ICSI treatment with assisted hatching is not reimbursed.

Which care provider?

You can visit an IVF centre for IVF treatment that has the authorisations that are required by law for this purpose. Menzis has contracted IVF centres. You can select a centre from this list of centres. You can find an overview of centres that have concluded a contract with Menzis by visiting menzis.nl/

[zorgvinder](#) and searching based on the “IVF” search term. You can also contact our Menzis Care Advisor by contacting our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral and permission

You will only be entitled to IVF if you have a prior written referral from your medical specialist and you require permission from Menzis before receiving IVF treatment. If you wish to use a care provider who has not concluded a contract with Menzis, please contact our Customer Service.

Additional information

A full IVF attempt consists of the following 4 phases:

1. you are given hormones that stimulate the maturation of egg cells in your body,
 2. next, the follicular puncture takes place (follicles are harvested),
 3. if there are mature eggs cells in the follicles, the eggs are fertilised and embryos are incubated in a laboratory,
 4. finally, 1 or 2 embryos are implanted in the uterus once or multiple times.
- An attempt will only be deemed an attempt when a successful follicular puncture has taken place. A successful follicle puncture applies when the follicle puncture has been performed in accordance with the usual procedure.
 - The transfer of all embryos obtained during the attempt (either interim cryopreserved or not) is a part of the attempt with which the embryos are obtained.
 - Only an attempt that has ended between the moment that a follicular puncture was successful and the moment that a continued pregnancy is involved counts with regard to the number of attempts.
 - An ongoing pregnancy can result in the birth of a child, but also in a miscarriage.
 - After an ongoing pregnancy, you are entitled to reimbursement for three more IVF attempts if the other conditions are met.

Other fertility enhancing treatments

Which care?

Medical specialist care as referred to in that article includes the following with regard to other fertilisation-stimulating treatments: gynaecology treatments that stimulate fertility (for example ovulation induction (OI) and intrauterine insemination (IUI)).

Note

Women who are 43 or older are not entitled to this care.

Which care provider?

You can visit a gynaecologist or urologist for this care. Menzis has contracted these care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have entered into a contract with Menzis. You can also contact our Menzis Care Advisor by contacting our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You are only entitled to fertilisation-stimulating treatments when you have a prior referral from your general practitioner or medical specialist.

Note

There are a number of clinics that work in partnerships with hospitals in Germany and Belgium for IVF/ICSI treatments. Please note that you are not entitled to reimbursement of costs when the treatment abroad does not meet the conditions included in this and the previous article. Ask your care provider to inform you well before you start the treatment or ask the Menzis Care Advisor by contacting our Customer Service.

Maternity care

The maternity care provider assists the obstetrician/midwife or doctor during childbirth. After childbirth, the maternity care provider usually assists during a week in taking care of the mother and baby. The maternity care provider will provide information and checks the mother and baby.

Which care?

You are entitled to maternity care for up to 6 weeks at most as from the date on which you gave birth.

Protocol

The number of hours of maternity care is determined based on the National Recommended Protocol for Maternity Care (Landelijk Indicatieprotocol Kraamzorg). You can find the protocol on [menzis.nl](https://www.menzis.nl).

Personal contribution

A statutory personal contribution of € 5.70 per hour applies to maternity care at home. If you are having your baby in a hospital or a birth centre without a medical indication, you will pay a statutory personal contribution of € 45 per day that you are admitted (€ 22.50 for the mother and € 22.50 for the baby). If the hospital charges an amount that is higher than € 323 per day (€ 161.50 for the mother and € 161.50 for the baby), you must, in addition to the € 45, also pay the amount that is higher than € 323 per day. You pay the personal contribution to Menzis.

Which care provider?

Maternity care is granted by a qualified maternity care provider that is related to a maternity care institution. Menzis has contracts with maternity care providers. You can select providers from the list of maternity care providers. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Maternity Medical Package

Are you expecting? Then you'll receive a maternity medical package as a gift from Menzis. The package contains everything you need during labor and delivery and the first few days afterward. You can order the maternity medical package via Menzis' [website](https://www.menzis.nl).

Speech therapy

A speech therapist provides assistance with regard to breathing, voice, speech, language and hearing disorders. This assistance can consist of treating the disorder but also doing a test, providing advice and information and supervision of the family (carer) of the patient.

Which care?

You are entitled to speech therapy if:

- this has a medical objective, and
- it can be expected that the treatment will lead to the recovery or improvement of speech or the power of speech.

Note

You are not entitled to speech therapy with regard to:

- dyslexia,
- treatments with an educational objective,
- language development disorders related to speaking a dialect or another language,
- treatment related to the execution of your professional duties, for example, with regard to singers,
- speaking in public.

Which care provider?

You can visit a general speech therapist for most complaints. Some speech therapists have an entry for specific complaints. Examples of this include the following:

- stutter/stammering therapy: treatment for stuttering of which the seriousness is such that smooth speech is clearly impeded,
- aphasia therapy: treatment for a language and speech impediment as a result of brain injury,
- preverbal speech therapy: the treatment of eating and drinking problems and/or swallowing disorders with regard to young children,
- Hänen Programme for the Elderly: step-by-step support for parents in a practical manner when improving the communication with and stimulating speech development of their child when there are language problems. The Hänen Programme for the Elderly is not the right form of assistance for all language problems. That is why extensive speech therapy examination and an interview in advance are always required,
- integral stuttering care group treatment.

We recommend asking your speech therapist whether he or she specialises in the treatment of your complaints.

You can consult a speech therapist who has the annotation 'Quality registered'. You can find this register on kwaliteitsregisterparamedici.nl. The speech therapists who have a specific entry can be found in the relevant subregister of the NVLF (Nederlandse Vereniging voor Logopedie en Foniatrie). This register can be found on nvlf.nl. Menzis has contracts in place with speech therapists. You can select a speech therapist from the list of speech therapists. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) lists what will be reimbursed if you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

No referral is required when you visit a speech therapist.

Permission

You are only entitled to speech therapy at a school or day nursery with prior written permission from Menzis. Your speech therapist can apply for this permission from Menzis on your behalf.

Specialist medical care

A medical specialist is a doctor who has specialised after completing his or her basic training and is registered as a medical specialist. There are approximately 30 different specialisations in the Netherlands. Most medical specialisations are linked to a hospital.

Which care?

You are entitled to :

- being examined and diagnosed,
- treatment,
- materials used by the medical specialist such as medication, dressing material or medical aids;
- laboratory tests,
- mechanical breathing and the related medical specialist care, medication, overnight stays, nursing and care in or under the responsibility of a breathing centre;
- an allowance towards the electricity costs in case of mechanical respiration at home.

Note

You are not entitled to treatments when it concerns:

- correction of paralysed or drooping upper eyelids except if:
 - a. the paralysis or slackening is the result of a congenital defect, or
 - b. the paralysis or slackening is the result of a chronic defect present during the birth, or
 - c. the paralysis or slackening leads to a severe visual impairment.
- liposuction (suction-assisted fat removal from under the skin) of the abdomen,
- placing, replacing and removing through an operation of an artificial breast except when one or both breasts have been fully or partially amputated or with regard to agenesis or aplasia of the breast in women and the situation that can be compared to this when transsexuality has been determined,
- removal of a breast prosthesis through an operation without this being required medically,
- treatment to stop snoring using uvulopalatoplasty,
- sterilisation,
- reversing a sterilisation,
- circumcision (unless this is required medically),
- treatment of plagiocephaly and brachycephaly (flat head syndrome) without craniosynostosis with a cranial remoulding helmet,
- 4th and next IVF treatment per pregnancy to be achieved.

Note

Some forms of (medical specialist) care are described separately in these insurance terms and conditions. Refer to the relevant Article for details. They are:

- the care types described in the Article “Provisional admission”,
- audiological assistance,
- genetic testing,
- part of medical mental healthcare,
- in-vitro fertilisation (IVF) and other fertilisation stimulating treatments,
- non-clinical dialysis (dialysis without admission),
- oncology assistance for children,
- overnight stay in relation to medical specialist care,
- plastic or reconstructive surgery,
- medical specialist rehabilitation,
- transplantation,
- thrombosis service.

Which care provider?

You can visit a hospital and consult the medical specialist who is linked to this hospital or you can consult a medical specialist who has his or her own practice for medical specialist care. You can also visit an independent treatment centre (in Dutch: ZBC) that offers care by a medical specialist.

Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Note

- Independent treatment centres do not offer all forms of medical specialist care.
- Medical specialist care insofar as it concerns treatment with a medication that is listed in table 3 of the Insurance Rules and Regulations will only be reimbursed when the treatment takes place in or by a hospital.
- We do not reimburse care provided by medical specialists who work alone.
- An increasing number of specialist medical treatments are taking place at home. This sometimes includes nursing and personal care. We do not reimburse this nursing and personal care if we pay for it as part of specialist medical care.

Note

Emergency care in the Netherlands will always be fully reimbursed in accordance to the rates that apply in the Netherlands for this.

Referral

You are only entitled to medical specialist care when you have a prior written referral from your GP, medical specialist, nurse specialist, physicians assistant obstetrician, specialist geriatric care provider (nursing home doctor), a doctor who works in youth health care, a forensic pathologist or a doctor for the mentally challenged.

- An optometrist or orthoptist can make a referral for specialist eye care.
- A triage-audiologist can make a referral to an ear-nose-throat specialist (ENT specialist) for specialist hearing care,
- A triage audiologist may refer to the clinical physicist-audiologist,
- The Municipal Health Service (GGD) doctor may refer to the medical specialist if it concerns tuberculosis or a sexually transmitted disease (soa).
- The occupational physician can make a referral if the complaints are related to your work,
- The dentist or orthodontist may refer to the dental surgeon when it comes to placing dental implants,
- A youth doctor may refer to an ophthalmologist, pediatrician or orthopedist,
- An obstetrician may refer in case of pregnancy or childbirth. An obstetrician may also refer to a paediatrician within the first 10 days after childbirth and to an ENT specialist if the string of the tongue must be cleaved. In case of prenatal screening, the midwife may refer to the gynaecologist.
- The RIVM (National Institute for Public Health and the Environment) may refer to a specialist paediatrician in the event of an abnormal result of a heel prick,
- The CBT dentist can refer to the neurologist, anesthetist as a pain relief specialist and ENT specialist.
- The clinical physicist-audiologist may refer to an ear-nose-throat specialist (ENT specialist), pediatrician and neurologist.

You do not need a written referral for emergencies.

A referral is valid for a maximum of 1 year.

Permission

You require prior permission for a number of treatments. You can find these treatments on the Dutch Health Insurers' (ZN) Limitative List of Specialist Medical Care. Which treatments are involved?

- **Breast prosthesis**
- **Surgery:** Gynecomastia, breast hypertrophy.
- **Dermatology:** Benign tumors, pigment disorders, vascular dermatoses (port-wine stains).
- **Gynecology:** Vulvar and vaginal abnormalities.
- **Surgery:** Gynecomastia (breast enlargement in men), breast hypertrophy (abnormal breast size), abdominoplasty.
- **ENT:** Auricle corrections and treatment of nasal deformities.
- **Ophthalmology:** Refractive surgery (laser eye surgery or lens implants aimed at reducing dependence on glasses or contact lenses), acquired ptosis, or upper eyelid correction.
- **Plastic surgery:** Various treatments.

Note

The list may change during the year. Visit [Menzis website](#) to obtain the most recent version.

Advice

We recommend that you request permission for the treatment should you have any doubts. Your medical specialist must inform you that you must pay the care expenses if you do not have prior permission. The entitlement to plastic surgery treatment types is arranged in the plastic and/or reconstructive surgery policy article. If you are looking for a medical specialist with a special area of expertise or for highly complex care, contact our Menzis Care Advisor by contacting our Customer Service for more information.

Non-clinical dialysis

Non-clinical dialysis includes hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis. Hemodialysis is a therapy that replaces the kidney function where use is made of filters; the so-called artificial kidneys. Specially formulated dialysis fluid is introduced in the abdomen to purify the blood with regard to peritoneal dialysis. This is why this is sometimes referred to as a renal replacement therapy. Dialysis can be provided in a dialysis centre, an independent treatment center or in a hospital, but home dialysis is also possible.

Which care?

You are entitled to hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis, the related medical specialist care, examinations, treatment, nursing, medication and psychosocial supervision. Psychosocial supervision is also provided to people who assist in carrying out dialysis at home. You will also be entitled to the following with regard to home dialysis:

- reimbursement of the costs related to the training of the people that carry out the home dialysis or who help with regard to this,
- loan of dialysis equipment and accessories,
- regular control and maintenance of the dialysis equipment (including replacements),
- chemicals and liquids that are required for the dialysis,
- reimbursement of the costs for adjustments that must be carried out in your home in all reasonableness and the costs for removing these adjustments and there is no other statutory arrangement that will (partially) reimburse you for the costs for these adjustments and their removal,
- reimbursement of the costs that are directly related to home dialysis and are not refunded based on another scheme,
- the required expert assistance by the dialysis centre with regard to the dialysis,
- any other consumables that are required in all reasonableness for home dialysis.

The Insurance Regulations includes further conditions for related to home modifications that are reasonably required in relation to home dialysis and the reimbursement of costs that are related directly to home dialysis.

Which care provider?

You can visit a dialysis centre, an independent treatment center or a hospital for this care. Menzis has contracted various care providers you can choose from. You can find an overview of care providers who have concluded a contract with Menzis by visiting menzis.nl/zorgvinder and searching based on the “dialyse” (dialysis) search term. You can also contact Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You are only entitled to non-clinical dialysis when you have a prior written referral from your general practitioner or medical specialist. A referral is valid for a maximum of 1 year

Note

- Dialysis at home is reimbursed exclusively on the basis of medical specialist care.
- The reimbursement of adjustments to the home and reasonable costs directly related to dialysis at home are covered by nursing articles care. Please refer to the information in the Insurance Regulations for more information.

Oncology assistance for children

Investigation into the spread of the disease and the further typing of the tumour is required for effective treatment as well as having the correct diagnosis. The SKION has a central laboratory for children with blood and lymph node cancer (hematologic malignancies) where blood, bone marrow and cerebrospinal fluid of all Dutch children with these diseases are investigated.

Which care?

You are entitled to register and be examined and compared with the material present to ensure you have the best possible treatment plan.

Which care provider?

The care is provided by the Stichting Kinderoncologie Nederland (SKION).

Referral

You are only entitled to oncology assistance for children if you have a prior written referral from a general practitioner or a medical specialist.

Plastic surgery

Plastic surgery is a surgical specialisation in which the focus is on the modification of your appearance from a functional (and sometimes aesthetic) perspective, for example, the restoration of congenital or suffered mutilation.

Which care?

Plastic surgery is not often reimbursed. You are only entitled to the treatment of a plastic surgical nature when it involves the correction of the following:

- defects or abnormalities in your appearance that are coupled with demonstrable physical functional disorders,
- mutilation due to illness, an accident or medical activity,
- paralysed or drooping upper eyelids only if:
 - a. The paralysis or slackening is the result of a congenital defect, or
 - b. The paralysis or slackening is the result of a chronic defect present during the birth, or
 - c. The paralysis or slackening leads to a severe visual impairment,
- the next congenital malformation: cleft lip, jaw and palate, malformation of the facial bony area, benign tumours of blood vessels, lymph vessels or connective tissue, birth marks or malformations of urinary passage and genital organs,

- appearance of the primary sexual characteristics with regard to a determined transsexuality.

The Association of Public Health Physicians (VAV), the Dutch Health Insurers Association (ZN), and the Dutch Healthcare Institute have developed a "Guideline for assessing plastic surgery treatments." This guideline further explains when you are entitled to care in the situations described above. You can find this guideline on our website.

Note

You are not entitled to treatment of a plastic surgical nature if the following is involved:

- liposuction (suction-assisted fat removal from under the skin) of the abdomen,
- breast construction or replacement of a breast prosthesis, except when one or both breasts have been fully or partially amputated or with regard to agenesis or aplasia of the breast in women and the situation that can be compared to this when transsexuality has been determined,
- removal of a breast prosthesis through an operation without this being required medically,
- treatment to stop snoring using uvulopalatoplasty,
- sterilisation,
- reversing a sterilisation,
- circumcision unless this is required medically,
- treatment of plagiocephaly and brachycephaly (flat head syndrome) without craniosynostosis with a cranial remoulding helmet.

Which care provider?

You can visit a hospital and a medical specialist that is linked to this hospital for plastic surgery. You can also visit an independent treatment centre (in Dutch ZBC) if a medical specialist is linked to this centre. Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non- contracted care provider.

Please note:

Care provided by medical specialists that work alone is not reimbursed.

Referral

You are only entitled to plastic surgery when you have a prior written referral from your general practitioner, medical specialist or specialist geriatric care provider (nursing home doctor).

Permission

For reimbursement of treatments on the ‘Limitatieve Lijst Medisch Specialistische Zorg’ of ‘Zorgverzekeraars Nederland’ (ZN) you require permission from Menzis prior to the treatment. If we give you permission, it is valid for 1 year, starting on the date on which you received our written permission. If the permission is valid for a shorter or longer period of time, we will mention this explicitly when giving the permission.

Rehabilitation

Rehabilitation (medical specialist)

Rehabilitation is a form of medical specialist care under the responsibility of a rehabilitation doctor. Medical specialist rehabilitation focuses on the recovery of people with a temporary or chronic disorder as a result of an accident, medical intervention or serious illness. If full recovery is not being expected in the short term, the rehabilitation doctor will try to help you to prevent permanent limitations by using the assistance of care providers from different disciplines. If this does not have the desired effect either, the rehabilitation doctor and his or her team will work with you to manage your limitation as best as possible within your life and environment and society in general.

Which care?

You are entitled to medical specialist rehabilitation if this care is the most effective for your case to prevent, reduce or overcome a handicap/disability. You will be able to attain or keep a certain degree of independence that is considered to be possible in all reasonableness that takes your disability into account after rehabilitation. This must refer to a disability that is due to one of the following:

- A musculoskeletal disorder, neurological disorder, or other illness associated with problems affecting the movement of the spine, trunk, or limbs,
- or an acquired brain injury (in Dutch NAH) associated with problems affecting movement, cognitive impairment, speech or swallowing difficulties, or a combination of these.

Note

You are entitled to medical specialist rehabilitation as part-time or outpatients' treatment.

Which care provider?

You will be treated by a interdisciplinary team of experts led by a rehabilitation doctor. This team must be linked to a rehabilitation institution or hospital. You can find an overview of care providers who have concluded a contract with Menzis by visiting menzis.nl/zorgvinder and searching based on the "revalidatie" (rehabilitation) search term. You can also contact Customer Service. The "To a non-contracted care provider" article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You are only entitled to medical specialistic rehabilitation when you have a prior written referral from your GP, medical specialist, mental health doctor, geriatric specialist (nursing home doctor) or company doctor when the complaints are linked to your work. A referral is valid for a maximum of 1 year.

Permission

Will you be visiting a care provider who does not have a contract with Menzis for rehabilitation care? You are only entitled to medical specialist rehabilitation if you have prior consent from Menzis. Please enclose a well- founded explanation and a treatment plan from the care provider with your request.

Note

Reintegration in the workplace is not part of the care that is insured.

Interdisciplinary care in case of complex, chronic lung diseases

Interdisciplinary care in case of complex, chronic lung diseases is a form of interdisciplinary medical specialist care under the responsibility of a lung specialist. Care in connection with complex, chronic lung diseases is aimed at the functioning of the entire body of people with a complex, chronic lung disease.

Which care?

You are entitled to interdisciplinary care in case of complex lung diseases if your health condition is so serious as a result of your serious chronic lung disease that an interdisciplinary approach is required. A treatment plan is formulated for the functioning of the entire body. The treatment plan focuses on the improvement of the physical performance, reduction of complaints and the limitations and the improvement of the quality of life.

Note

You are entitled to interdisciplinary care in case of complex, chronic lung diseases as part-time treatment or as day treatment. You are only admitted for Interdisciplinary care in case of complex, chronic lung diseases if it is expected that this will yield better results more quickly than as parttime treatment or as day treatment.

Which care provider?

You are treated by an interdisciplinary team of experts under leadership of a lung specialist. This team must be affiliated with a rehabilitation institution or a hospital. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You are only entitled to interdisciplinary care in case of complex chronic lung diseases if you received a written referral from the lung specialist in advance. A referral is valid for at most one year.

Permission

Will you be visiting a care provider who does not have a contract with Menzis for interdisciplinary care in case of complex chronic lung diseases? You are only entitled to this care if this has been approved by Menzis in advance. Please enclose a well- founded explanation and a treatment plan from the care provider with your request.

Geriatric rehabilitation

Geriatric rehabilitation focuses on vulnerable elderly people who have received medical specialist treatment in a hospital and need further rehabilitation. These people require rehabilitation treatment that combines multiple types of care such as nursing, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, psychotherapy, dietary advice and care provided by a social and geriatric healthcare provider specialist. The above is all offered under the responsibility of a geriatric healthcare provider specialist. The care is adjusted to the individual recovery options and the training pace of elderly people and takes into account other existing conditions and disorders. The aim is to restore or improve functioning and participation in society.

Which care?

You are entitled to geriatric rehabilitation in relation to vulnerability and complex multimorbidity. Geriatric rehabilitation is integral and multidisciplinary rehabilitation care with the aim of restoring or improving functioning and participation in society.

You are entitled to geriatric rehabilitation if you had been admitted to a nursing home. Being admitted to a nursing home means staying in an institution as referred to in Section 3.1.1 of the Dutch Long-term Care Act (Wet Langdurige Zorg; Wlz).

Which care provider?

You can go to an institution that provides geriatric rehabilitation care in accordance with the Geriatric Rehabilitation Treatment Frameworks for geriatric rehabilitation. The Geriatric Rehabilitation Treatment Frameworks have been drawn up by the Dutch Association of Elderly Care Physicians and Social Geriatricians, Verenso.

Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You can find an overview of care providers who have concluded a contract with Menzis by visiting menzis.nl/zorgvinder and searching based on the “Geriatrische revalidatie” (Geriatric rehabilitation) search term. You can also contact the Menzis Care Advisor. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You are entitled to geriatric rehabilitation if you have a prior written referral from your GP, geriatric specialist or medical specialist.

The indication for geriatric rehabilitation must always be made under the supervision of a geriatric specialist, clinical geriatrician or an geriatric internist.

Permission

Will you be visiting a care provider who does not have a contract with Menzis for geriatric rehabilitation? You are only entitled to geriatric rehabilitation if you have prior consent from Menzis. Please enclose a well-founded explanation and a treatment plan from the care provider with your request.

Second opinion

A second opinion is requesting an assessment of a diagnosis or proposed treatment provided by a doctor from a second, independent doctor who works in the same specialisation field as the first consulted doctor.

Which care?

You will be entitled to a second opinion when:

- the second opinion refers to medical care as already discussed with the first person providing treatment, and
- you will be returning to the original person providing treatment with the second opinion; this person is responsible for your treatment.

Which care provider?

You can visit a GP, medical specialist, midwife, physiotherapist, clinical psychologist, mental healthcare institution or an (out-patients’ department of a) psychiatric department of a hospital.

Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also ask our Menzis Care Advisor by contacting our Customer Service.

The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You are fully entitled to a second opinion when you have a prior written referral from the person who is treating you.

Quitting smoking

A programme to quit smoking consists of a combination of interventions to change behaviour (in a group or individually) sometimes with the support of medication. The behaviour-based support forms the basis with regard to this integral programme. This means that a form of recognised behaviour-based support is always deployed that may be supplemented with medication that has been proven to be effective but that medication can never be deployed without behaviour-based support.

Which care?

You are entitled to a programme to quit smoking three times per calendar year:

- that focuses on changing behaviour, and
- that has the goal of quitting smoking, and
- that may be in combination with medication, and
- that meets most recent care standard for Tobacco and Nicotine Addiction from Trimbos Institute.

Which care provider?

For behaviour support when quitting smoking you can visit a care provider contracted by Menzis. You can also visit your general practitioner for behaviour-based support. For nicotine products and medication you can go to a supplier of nicotine products and medication contracted by Menzis. The medication must have been prescribed through the medication application form used when quitting smoking or with a prescription of the general practitioner.

You will find an overview of care providers who have concluded a contract with Menzis for behaviour support and the supply of nicotine products and medication on menzis.nl/zorgvinder when you enter the search term “Stoppen met roken” (Quitting smoking). You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Note

1. You are only entitled to nicotine products and medication when they are part of a quitting programme; separate reimbursement for nicotine products and medication (therefore, that are not part of the quitting programme) will not take place.
2. When you select a care provider for behaviour-based support who has not concluded a contract with Menzis, you must send the specified bill to Menzis. When this care provider is not registered in the “Kwaliteitsregister stoppen met roken” (Quitting Smoking Quality Register) or when the provided care does not meet the Dutch Institute for Healthcare Improvement (CBO) guideline “Behandeling bij tabaksverslaving” (Treatment for tobacco addiction) or the Care Module “Quitting Smoking”, you will not be reimbursed.
3. If you select a supplier for nicotine products and medication who has not concluded a contract with Menzis for the supply of nicotine products and medication, you must send a copy of the application form for the medication or a copy of the prescription of the general practitioner together with the bill.

Dentistry

Special dentistry

Special dentistry work is meant for people for whom regular dentistry work is not sufficient with regard to a special complaint.

Which care?

You are entitled to special dentistry work that is essential if you:

- have a serious development disorder, growth disorder or an acquired defect of the tooth/jaw buccal system,
- have a non-dental physical or mental complaint,
- must have a non-dental medical treatment and this treatment will have demonstrably insufficient results without the special dentistry work.

Note

You are only entitled to special dentistry work if this is necessary to retain or acquire a dental function that is similar to the dental function that you would have had without the complaint.

Personal contribution

- You must pay a personal contribution for special dentistry when care is involved that is not directly linked with your indication for special dentistry. The personal contribution will then be the amount that you would have had to pay if you had not had an indication for special dentistry work.

- If the special dentistry work concerns a full set of dentures that must be placed (a full prosthetic facility) in your case, you will pay a personal contribution of 25% of the total cost of the dentures. A personal contribution of 10% applies for the bottom jaw and 8% for the top jaw for dentures on implants. You can also find more information in the Insurance Rules and Regulations. Consult the scheme on [menzis.nl](https://www.menzis.nl) or request this information from Customer Service.

Which care provider?

You can visit a dentist, a Centre for Special Dentistry Work, a dental surgeon or an orthodontist. You can visit an orthodontist for the orthodontic part of the treatment.

Referral

- You are only entitled to special dentistry work by a orthodontist when you have a prior written referral from your dentist or dental surgeon.
- You are only entitled to special dentistry work by a dental surgeon when you have a prior written referral from your dentist or general practitioner. The dental surgeon must be linked to a hospital.
- You are only entitled to special dental work by Centrum voor Bijzondere Tandheelkunde (institution for special dentistry) when you have a prior written referral from your general practitioner, dentist or dental surgeon.

Permission

You require prior permission from Menzis for special dentistry work. Your care provider will request this permission for you.

Dentistry

You are entitled to dentistry. What you are exactly entitled to will depend on whether you are older or younger than 18.

Which care?

Up and including 17 years of age

You are entitled to :

- 1 regular preventive dental examination per year unless you require this type of examination several times per year,
- incidental dental consultation,
- tartar removal,
- 2 fluoride applications per year unless you require such an application more times during a year from the time permanent teeth emerge,
- sealing,
- parodontic treatment (treatment of the bone tissue that supports the tooth in the jaw),
- anaesthesia,
- endodontic treatment (root canal treatment),
- restoration of teeth elements using plastic material (fillings),
- assistance related to jaw problems or grinding,
- removable prosthetic provisions (dentures and frame dentures),
- surgical dental treatment except inserting implants,
- X-rays except X-rays for orthodontic treatment,

- orthodontic assistance if a severe development disorder, growth disorder or an acquired defect of the tooth/jaw buccal system is involved where a co-diagnosis or co-treatment from specialised surgical dental care or other disciplines than dental is required. You are only entitled to orthodontic healthcare if it is provided by an orthodontist.

Up and including 22 years of age

You are entitled to dental replacement treatment with non-plastic materials and inserting implants if they are replacing one or more permanently missing incisors or caninaries that were not initially present, or because the absence of that tooth or those teeth is the direct consequence of an accident. You are only entitled to this care if the need has been established before you became 18.

Note

Should you visit the dentist outside normal surgery hours, you will only be entitled to dentistry work if the visit cannot be postponed to another day.

From 18 years of age

You are entitled to :

- surgical dentistry work by a dental surgeon and the X-rays related to this except for parodontal surgery, inserting implants and uncomplicated extractions,
- removable full dentures for the top or bottom jaw that may or may not be placed on dental implants. This also includes the placement of the fixed portion of the suprastructure. Note: Implant placement is only reimbursed in cases of severely shrunken edentulous jaws. Furthermore, implant placement must be necessary to maintain or acquire dental function equivalent to the dental function you would have had without the condition. The implants must serve to attach a removable prosthesis.
- orthodontic assistance if a severe development disorder, growth disorder or an acquired defect of the tooth/jaw buccal system is involved where a co-diagnosis or co-treatment from specialised surgical dental care or other disciplines than dental is required. You are only entitled to of orthodontic healthcare if it is provided by an orthodontist.

Personal contribution

Are you 18 years old or older? You pay a personal contribution of:

- 25% of the total costs of full dentures.,
- 10% of the total costs of full dentures on implants and related mesostructure for the bottom jaw and 8% of the total costs of full dentures on implants and related mesostructure for the top jaw.
- 10% of the costs of repairing or filling (rebasing) of a detachable full prosthetic facility.

Which care provider?

You can visit a dentist, oral surgeon or dental prosthesis specialist. If you are younger than 18, you can also visit an independent oral hygienist. For implants related to the placing of full dental prosthesis in the top jaw you can visit a care provider contracted for this purpose or to a dentist/implantologist that is recognised by the Nederlandse Vereniging voor Orale Implantologie (NVOI; Dutch Association for Oral Implantology). You can find out who they are by visiting nvoi.nl/erkende-implantologen. For full dentures and implants, Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with

Menzis. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) does not apply to dentistry.

Referral

You are only entitled to a treatment by a dental surgeon, if you have a prior written referral from a dentist or a general practitioner.

Permission

You will require prior permission from Menzis:

From 18 years of age:

- for tooth replacement assistance using non-plastic materials and implant insertion,
- for periodontal assistance, treatment under anaesthesia, osteotomy and inserting an implant by a dental surgeon,
- if a dentist or a dental prosthesis specialist makes full and removable dentures for the top and bottom jaw and the total costs (including the technology costs) are more than € 849 per jaw,
- for positioning dentures on implants and the related mesostructures made by a care provider not contracted for this,
- for the repair and rebasing of a dental prosthesis on implants by a care provider not contracted for this purpose,
- if the full and removable dentures for the top and/or bottom jaw that you now have are replaced within 5 years after delivery. This does not apply to immediate dentures,
- if you must be treated where you are staying (for example, at home or at an institution),
- for sealing more than 8 permanent elements per year.

Up and including 17 years of age

- for an X-ray of all your teeth at once (Orthopantomogram),
- for preventive information, instruction and evaluation if more requested than 12 times 5 minutes per year,
- for dental cleaning if more than 6 times 5 minutes per day or more than 18 times 5 minutes per year is requested,
- for sealing of milk teeth,
- for sealing of more than 8 permanent teeth per year.

Your care provider will request permission for you. A well-founded explanation and a treatment plan must be included with the request.

Transplantation

Transplantation is a form of medical specialist care. Transplantation is the replacement of an organ or tissue that no longer functions or only functions poorly of a patient by the organ of a donor. Organs/ tissues that can be transplanted are, for example, the heart, skin, lungs, kidneys, the pancreas, the liver, bones and bone marrow. Sections of organs can also be transplanted.

Which care?

You are entitled to a transplant of tissues or organs if the transplant takes place:

- in a member state of the European Union,
- in a state/nation/country within the European Economic Area, or
- in the state/nation/country where the donor lives when the donor is your spouse, registered partner or a blood relative in the first, second or third degree.

You are also entitled to be reimbursed for the costs related to:

- specialist medical care in relation to the selection of the donor,
- specialist medical care in relation to the operational removal of the transplant material with regard to the selected donor,
- the examination, preservation, removal and transport of the post mortem transplant material in connection with the intended transplant,
- care for the donor with regard to admission to an institution for selection and removal of the transplant material during at most 13 weeks and/or half a year in case of a liver transplant after the date of discharge from the institution. This care for the donor includes the care to which you are entitled based on this Basic Insurance,
- transport of the donor within the Netherlands with regard to the selection, admission and discharge from the hospital in connection with the care as described in the preceding item of this list,
- the costs of the lowest class of public transport within the Netherlands or, if this is required medically, transport by car within the Netherlands is reimbursed,
- transport to and from the Netherlands of a liver, kidney or bone marrow donor who lives outside the Netherlands.

Other costs incurred due to the transplant and the donor living abroad are also reimbursed except the costs linked to staying in the Netherlands and lost income.

Note

The costs for the transport under hyphens 8 and 9 in relation to “Which Care” are to be paid by the healthcare insurer of the donor. If the donor has not taken out healthcare insurance, the costs will be paid from your Basic Insurance.

Which care provider?

For a transplant, you can visit a medical specialist in a hospital that is licensed to perform transplants. Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non- contracted care provider.

Referral

You are only entitled to a transplant when you have a prior written referral from your general practitioner or medical specialist.

Thrombosis service

Thrombosis is a clot in a blood vessel or artery. This can occur in, for example, the leg vessels, coronary arteries, capillaries of the lung and brain vessels. The intensive care department for thrombotic patients is responsible for setting up, checking and supervising out-patients who use specific oral anticoagulants.

Which care?

You are entitled to :

- the regular drawing of blood samples,

- laboratory tests if this is required for determining the coagulation time of blood,
- the use of equipment and accessories with which you can measure the coagulation time of your blood,
- training to learn how to use the abovementioned equipment and supervision when taking measurements,
- advice about the application of medication that influences coagulation.

The Insurance Regulations includes further conditions for the reimbursement of costs related to blood coagulation self-measurement equipment.

Which care provider?

You can visit an intensive care department for thrombotic patients. Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact our Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Referral

You will only be entitled to care offered by an intensive care department for thrombotic patients if you have a prior written referral from your general practitioner or medical specialist.

Hospitalisation

Patients can be admitted for examination, intervention or observation after consulting a medical specialist. If a patient must be admitted for several days, the patient is deemed to have been ‘clinically’ admitted. The stay in a hospital or institution may be long term. In this case, 1,095 days will be covered by the Basic Insurance. Dutch Long-term Care Act (in Dutch: Wet langdurige zorg (Wlz)) insures any admissions that occur after the first 1,095 days. If you have questions about the care, please ask our Care Advisor by contacting Customer Service.

Which care?

You are entitled to stay during the 24 hours that are required medically in relation to obstetrician care, oral surgeon dentistry care of a specialist nature, medical specialist care and geriatric rehabilitation. You are also entitled to the related required nursing, care, paramedical care and medication. You are also entitled to the related required nursing, care, paramedical care and medication. Your admittance is insured for an uninterrupted period of 1,095 days. An interruption of a maximum of 30 days is not considered to be an interruption but does not count for the calculation of the 1,095 days. An interruption due to weekend or holiday leave does, however, count.

Note

Admittance with regard to mental healthcare is not described here. You can find this information under “Mental healthcare”. Primary care institution is not described here, but in the “Primary care institution” article.

Which care provider?

Menzis has contracted institutions. You can select one of these institutions. You can find an overview of care providers who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also ask our Menzis Care Advisor by contacting our Customer Service. The “To a non- contracted care provider” article at the start of this

section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

The reimbursement for hospitalisation other than the hospital after CAR-T cell therapy is a maximum of € 77.50 per day.

Permission

You are only entitled to rehabilitation if you have prior permission from Menzis with regard to:

- admission,
- clinical pulmonary rehabilitation,
- care given by Stichting MC Astmacentrum (SMCA; MC Asthma Centre Foundation) in Switzerland.

Obstetric care

Maternity care is the care provided for the mother or expectant mother and her child. The vast majority of maternity care for pregnant women is provided by midwives. They guide and monitor women during pregnancy and childbirth.

Which care?

You are entitled to obstetric care. The care consists of:

- a non-invasive prenatal test (NIPT). You are only entitled to this test if you have a medical indication,
- invasive diagnostics (chorionic villus sampling and amniotic fluid testing). You are only entitled to this diagnostics if you have a medical indication.

Which care provider?

For obstetric care you can visit a midwife or general practitioner who is registered in the 'Register Verloskunde van het College voor huisartsen met bijzondere bekwaamheden' (CHBB). If there is a medical requirement, obstetric care is given in a hospital under the supervision of a medical specialist. See the article about medical specialist care.

For laboratory representational diagnostics and function tests requested by a obstetrician or general practitioner you can go to a first-line diagnostics centre (EDC), a production group practice, a hospital or an independent treatment centre (ZBC).

Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also contact Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non- contracted care provider.

Note

The NIPT may only be performed by a care provider who has been granted a permit based on the Dutch Population Screening Act or has a cooperation agreement with a Regional Centre that has been granted a permit based on the Dutch Population Screening Act permit. WBO is Dutch for Wet op het bevolkingsonderzoek (Population Screening Act). No WBO permit is required with a medical indication for the examination.

Obstetric care personal contribution

If you deliver your baby in a hospital or a birth centre without a medical indication, you must pay a statutory personal contribution of € 45 per admittance day (€ 22.50 for the mother and € 22.50 for the baby). If the hospital charges an amount that is higher than € 323 per day (€ 161,50 for the mother and € 161,50 for the baby) you must, in addition to the € 45, also pay the amount that is higher than € 323 per day. You pay the personal contribution to Menzis.

Transport by ambulance

There are 2 types of ambulance transport: emergency transport (usually reported by dialling 112) and booked transport. The ambulance care is provided by nurses and drivers who have been especially trained for this (paramedic staff).

Which care?

You are entitled to :

- transport to a care provider or institution to receive care. This care must be insured in full or partially by the Basic Insurance,
- transport to an institution where you will be staying and will be fully or partially paid through the Wlz (Long-term Care Act),
- transport from a Wlz (Long-term Care Act) institution to a care provider or institution for examination or treatment that will be fully or partially paid through the Wlz (Long-term Care Act),
- transport from a Wlz (Long-term Care Act) institution to a care provider or institution for measuring, fitting and repairing prostheses that are fully or partially covered through the Wlz (Long-term Care Act),
- transport to your home or, if you cannot receive the required care there, to another private address if you came from one of the care providers or institutions referred to above,
- if you are younger than 18, transport to a person from whom or an institution where you will receive mental healthcare regarding which the costs will be fully or partially be at the expense of the mayor and aldermen by virtue of the Dutch Youth Care Act.

You are entitled to transport with another means of transport than an ambulance (for example, a helicopter) when ambulance transport is not possible.

Which care provider?

Ambulance transport is provided by a permit holder designated by the Ministry of VWS.

Referral

You are only entitled to plastic surgery when you have a prior written referral from your general practitioner, medical specialist or specialist geriatric care provider (nursing home doctor). You are only entitled to transport by helicopter when you have a prior written referral from the Ambulance Central Control Room (Meldkamer Ambulance Zorg) or a centre for neonatal and child surgery intensive care unit. You do not require a referral for emergency transport.

Indication

The transport must have been indexed by the doctor in charge of treatment.

Note

- The right to ambulance transport is limited to a distance of no more than 200 kilometres for a single journey.
- If Menzis gives you permission to visit a specific person or institution, the limitation of 200 kilometres does not apply.
- You are not entitled to ambulance transport with regard to care during a 4-hour day period in a Wlz (Long-term Care Act) institution.

Nursing and care

Nursing and care provides care for people in their own environment. This care ensures that people can live at home for as long as possible.

Which care?

You are entitled to nursing and care. Nursing and care mean the following: care as offered by nurses that

- a. is related to the need of medical care or a high risk of this,
- b. is not linked with admittance and,
- c. does not involve maternity care.

Are you under the age of 18? And do you have complex physical problems or a physical disability that requires constant supervision or care at all times? Then you are also entitled to nursing day care for children or a stay in a children's care home. This care includes one or more nursing procedures.

Indication and care plan

You are only entitled to nursing and care when you have an indication. This indication must comply with 'Normenkader Indicatieproces', as established by the professional association of nurses, Verpleegkundigen & Verzorgenden Nederland (V&VN).

To be eligible for reimbursement you must have a nursing indication with a care plan that describes the care that you need with regard to its nature, scope and duration including the set goals. This indication and care plan must be drawn up by a nurse (HBO-verpleegkundige) or nurse specialist and must be signed by you and the care provider that sets the indication.

People under the age of 18, the person making the indication must be a professional pediatric nurse (HBO-verpleegkundige) affiliated with the BINKZ (Branchevereniging Integrale Kindzorg). Together with the parents and pediatrician, the nurse draws up a care plan. When determining the indication, the HIK (Handreiking Indicatieproces Kindzorg) must also be observed in addition to the 'Normenkader Indicatieproces'.

Note

- You are not entitled to nursing and care if these forms of care can be financed for you on the basis of the Long-Term Care Act (Wlz) or the Social Support Act (Wmo). If there are indications that your care can be financed on the basis of one of these acts, Menzis may ask you to invoke these acts by requesting a decision on the care required from the Care Needs Assessment Centre (CIZ) or the municipality of your place of residence. You are no longer entitled to nursing and care if you do not cooperate in this or if the CIZ or your municipality actually decides that you have the right to rely on the Wlz or the Wmo.
- Increasingly, specialist medical treatments are taking place at home. This sometimes includes nursing and personal care. We do not reimburse this nursing and personal care if we cover for it as part of specialist medical care.

Person-linked budget (PGB)

A person-linked budget (PGB) is an amount that you can use to purchase nursing and care services yourself. If you are entitled to nursing and care, you may also possibly apply at Menzis for the reimbursement of this care in the form of a person-linked budget. The Insurance Regulations provide information when you are eligible for this, what your responsibilities are with regard to this and how the PGB is paid. You can find the Insurance Regulations on menzis.nl. You can also request these regulations from our Customer Service.

Which care provider?

You can go to a (homecare) institution for nursing and care with a higher professional education (HBO) (paediatric) nurse or a nursing specialist who is permanently employed. The HBO (paediatric) nurse or nursing specialist determines the care required and remains involved in the performance and evaluation of the care plan. The care is provided by a HBO/senior secondary vocational education (MBO) nurse, nursing specialist or care worker level 3 or higher.

You can also go to an independently working HBO (paediatric) nurse or nursing specialist for determining the indication and care (zzp'er). The care can also be provided by an MBO nurse or a carer with education level 3 or higher who is in possession of the KIWA quality mark for self-employed persons in care or the HKZ-NEN quality mark for self-employed persons (zzp'er) in 'Zorg & Welzijn'. This is only allowed if this healthcare provider works together with the HBO (paediatric) nurse or the nurse specialist who has determined the indication. The care provider who has determined the indication remains involved in the implementation and evaluation of the care plan.

The paediatric nurse (HBO-verpleegkundige) must be affiliated with the BINKZ (Branchevereniging Integrale Kindzorg).

Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You can also ask our Care Advisor by contacting Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non-contracted care provider.

Permission

The costs incurred are not fully reimbursed if you opt for treatment by a care provider that has not concluded a contract with Menzis. You also require Menzis' prior approval. You can ask our Menzis Care Advisor by contacting Customer Service in order to request this approval.

A permission is valid for a maximum of 365 days, unless expressly stated otherwise. A permission is no longer valid if applicable laws or regulations change.

Advice

Do you have any questions about nursing and care? Please contact our Care Advisor for more information on the options.

Conditional admission

Some forms of care have been included in the Basic Insurance conditionally. This concerns care regarding which there are doubts about the effectiveness or regarding which the effectiveness has not or has not fully been proven yet. It may concern new treatment methods but also care that is already included in the Basic Insurance but regarding which there are doubts or doubts have arisen.

You will find the care options that are permitted conditionally in the Insurance Terms and Conditions and on [menzis.nl](https://www.menzis.nl).

Non-emergency patient transport

You can make an appeal on this insurance for the transport or the costs of this transport with regard to certain indications. There are 3 types of non-emergency patient transport services. You can be conveyed using your own transport, taxi, public transport or using a different means of transport, for example, a boat.

Which care?

You are entitled to public transport of the lowest class, taxi or the reimbursement of the costs of using a vehicle. When a private car is used, you are entitled to be reimbursed € 0.40 per kilometre. You are entitled to transport using a different means of transport, when you cannot be conveyed by public transport, taxi or by using your own transport. If supervision is required or when a child younger than 16 is involved who needs to be supervised, the costs of public transport and personal transport or transport using a different means of transport of the attendant/ carer will also be paid/reimbursed. In special cases, Menzis will allow the reimbursement of the costs of public transport, taxi and personal transport or the transport using a different means of transport for 2 attendants/carers.

You are entitled to transport if it involves the transport from and to persons, institutions and the private addresses as referred to in the Article about ambulance transport, and:

- you must receive kidney dialysis, or if you have to attend consultations, examinations or check-ups that are necessary as part of the treatment, or
- you must receive oncology treatment with chemotherapy, immunotherapy or radiotherapy, or if you have to attend consultations, examinations or check-ups that are necessary as part of the treatment, or
- your mobility is solely dependent on a wheelchair, or
- your mobility is dependent on supervision due to your visual impairment, or
- you depend for a prolonged period of time on transport for the treatment of a long-term illness or complaint and the check-ups, examinations and consultations, which are necessary as part of that treatment and refusing said transport or the reimbursement of the costs will be highly unfair to you (hardship clause), or
- you are younger than 18 and need care because of complex somatic issues or because of a physical disability that means that there is a need for permanent supervision or round the clock care in the vicinity and this care is linked to one or more specific nursing actions, or
- you depend on geriatric rehabilitation.

- you need transport to and from day treatment for specific patient groups (people with a chronic progressive degenerative disorder, acquired brain injury or with a mental disability) (Medical care for specific patient groups, GZSP).

Overnight stay

If you are entitled to reimbursement of travel expenses and you require such transport on three or more consecutive days, you may opt for reimbursement of the costs of overnight stay. The reimbursement of the costs of overnight stay is at most € 94,50 per night and partially replaces the reimbursement of the travel expenses.

Note

- The transport or reimbursement of costs entitlement is limited to a distance of no more than 200 kilometres for a single journey.
- If Menzis gives you permission to go to a specific person or institution, the 200 km restriction does not apply.
- If you are entitled to transport or reimbursement of costs, you may also obtain reimbursement of the costs of transport incurred by a possible assistant if you require assistance. Children below the age of 16 are always entitled to reimbursement of the travel expenses of assistants. Menzis may reimburse the costs of 2 assistants in special cases.
- If you use your own transport, the reimbursement will be calculated based on the fastest possible normal route in accordance with the ANWB route planner.
- The transport related to care during a 4-hour period in a Wlz (Long-term Care Act) institution will not be paid/reimbursed.

Personal contribution

You pay a personal contribution of € 134 per calendar year. The personal contribution does not apply to the reimbursement of overnight stay.

You do not pay a personal contribution for transport:

- if you are admitted to an institution at the expense of the health insurer or under the Long-Term Care Act and must be transported to a different institution where you will be admitted because you require specialist examination or specialist treatment that cannot be provided in the first institution;
- if you are admitted to an institution at the expense of the health insurer or under the Long-Term Care Act and must be transported to a different institution or person for specialist examination or specialist treatment at the expense of the health insurer. This applies only if that treatment could not be provided at the first institution. This applies to outward and return journey.
- if you are admitted to an institution at the expense of the health insurer or under the Long-Term Care Act and must be transported to a different institution or person because you require specialist dental treatment that cannot be provided in the first institution.

Which care provider?

The transport will be provided by a transport company or a private person (for example, a member of your family or an acquaintance). Menzis has contracts in place with transport companies. When permission is granted, the transport companies that can be used will be specified. If you decide to use a transport company that has not concluded a contract with Menzis, you will receive a maximum of

€ 0,90 per kilometre. You will receive € 0.40 per kilometre when the transport is provided by a private person.

Permission

You must request prior permission from Menzis. Call the Transport Service Line on 0317 492 051 or send the request form “non-emergency patient transport”. The request form can be downloaded by visiting menzis.nl. Menzis will determine whether you will be given permission and for which type of transport (public transport, personal transport or transport with a different vehicle) you will be given permission.

Note

Other costs such as parking or ferry costs will not be reimbursed.

Sensory care for the disabled

Sensory care for the disabled is a treatment for people with a sensory impairment. A sensory impairment is a visual, hearing or communication impairment as a result of a language development disorder or a combination of these impairments. Multiple specialists are involved in the treatment (multidisciplinary care).

This care consists of:

- diagnostic research,
- interventions that focus on learning to deal with the disability physically, and
- interventions that remove the impairments or that compensate and, therefore, increase self-sufficiency.

In addition to the treatment of the person who has the sensory impairment, it also concerns (indirect) system-focused co-treatment of parents or carers, children and adults around the person with the sensory impairment who will learn skills in the interest of the person with the sensory impairment.

Sensory impairment care does not include support for social functioning or complex, long-term, and lifelong support for deaf-blind and prelingually deaf adults. This applies to people who became deaf/hard of hearing before the age of 3.

Which care?

You are entitled to multidisciplinary care (care where different specialists are involved). You need this care because you have a:

- visual impairment (you are blind or visually impaired),
- hearing impairment (you are deaf or hearing impaired), or
- communication impairment (serious difficulties with speech/language) as a result of a language development disorder and you are younger than 23.

The care focuses on learning to cope, removing or compensating with/for the impairment to ensure that you can perform as independently as possible.

Which care provider?

You can visit an institution which mainly focuses on providing out-patient treatment for the sensory impaired.

Menzis has contracted care providers. You can select from these care providers. You will find an overview of care providers on menzis.nl/zorgvinder who have concluded a contract with Menzis. You

can also ask our Menzis Care Advisor by contacting Customer Service. The “To a non-contracted care provider” article at the start of this section (Basic Insurance) specifies what will be reimbursed when you visit a non- contracted care provider.

Referral and indication

You are only entitled to sensory care for the disabled if you have a referral in advance. If it concerns the treatment of a visual impairment, you need a referral from a medical specialist who has established rehabilitation and a referral based on the evidence-based NOG (Nederlands Oogheelkundig Gezelschap; Dutch Ophthalmic Society) guideline Visual Disorders that a visual impairment is involved. If it concerns the treatment of an auditive and/or communication impairment, you need a referral from a clinical physicist-audiologist from the audiology centre or a doctor who has established based on the applicable FENAC (Federatie van Nederlandse Audiologische Centra; Federation of Dutch Hearing Centres) guidelines that an auditive and/or communication impairment is or are involved.

Permission

You will require prior permission from Menzis for sensory care for the disabled from a care provider who does not have a contract with Menzis. Please enclose a written well-founded explanation and a treatment plan from the care provider with your request.

Your Additional Insurance

Menzis offers different additional insurances. Below we list all the care types that are included in the additional insurances. Every care type includes a table. We specify in this table for each additional insurance whether the care is covered and/or what any possible reimbursement will be. Your healthcare policy will specify which additional insurance you have.

The Dutch text is binding should any disputes arise from the interpretation of the text.

Basic Insurance or additional insurance?

Your additional insurance is a supplement to your Basic Insurance. The additional insurance is not a replacement of the Basic Insurance. That which is insured through the Basic Insurance is not reimbursed through your additional insurance. This also applies to your excess and personal contribution of the Basic Insurance unless it is included in the additional insurance as an additional reimbursement.

Contracted or approved care providers

Menzis makes agreements with care providers. Hospitals, doctors and physiotherapists are, for example, care providers. These agreements are related to the payment of bills but also to the quality of the provided care. Menzis can also approve care providers. This approval will depend on, for example, good training. Some types of care are not insured except when you visit a contracted care provider or an approved care provider. If this is the case, this type of care will be specified. You can find contracted and approved care providers by visiting menzis.nl/zorgvinder.

How does the Menzis Zorgvinder (Care Finder) work?

- select the type of care you want in the Care Finder, for example, physiotherapy,
- if required, refine the selection (for example, manual therapy),
- enter your postcode or town and specify the distance in which to search,
- next you will see the care providers that have been contracted or recognised by Menzis.

If you have questions about health care, please contact our Customer Service.

How will you be reimbursed?

Menzis has a contract with many care providers. This care provider can submit the bill directly to Menzis. You will not have to do anything. You can, however, always check all bills in Mijn Menzis. Have you received a bill from a care provider? You can claim your bill online through menzis.nl/mijnmenzis. You can also use the free Menzis claiming app. This makes submitting your bills very easy, fast and secure.

Note

Only the costs for care supplied in the Netherlands by a care provider or supplier established in the Netherlands will be reimbursed. The exception to the above is emergency care abroad (see the Article Abroad).

Indication and efficiency

You will only be examined or treated if this is required. There must be a medical indication to qualify for the reimbursement of care. Which care is required for your case will be objectively determined. This care must also be effective (must have a purpose). Care that is unnecessary or costs too much unnecessarily when compared to other types of care that is on an equal footing in view of the indication and your care need, will not be covered by the insurance.

Abroad

When staying abroad, you may require immediate medical care or medication. You will receive service and support from the Menzis Emergency Centre with regard to emergency care during a stay abroad. The Emergency Centre will, for example, take responsibility for the contact with the treating doctors and repatriation and will act as a guarantor. Additional information can be found by visiting menzis.nl/buitenland.

Emergency dentistry work abroad

Dentistry work is classed as requiring emergency treatment if there are pain complaints as is the case with regard to the inflammation of a nerve or gums that means that the dentistry work cannot be deferred until you return to the Netherlands and it had not been foreseen that this dentistry work would be required.

Dentistry work will be reimbursed up to a maximum amount. This maximum amount is per calendar year:

Aanvullend	Extra Aanvullend	Buitenland & Tandongeval
€ 250	€ 250	€ 250

You will only be reimbursed the costs if:

- pain complaints are involved that means that dentistry work is required quickly and cannot be deferred until you return to the Netherlands,
- it could not have been foreseen that this dentistry work would be needed. A filling, implant or crown are examples of treatments that are provided.

Emergency care and medication abroad

Care is an emergency when a situation is involved in which medical assistance and/or medicines is needed as soon as possible that makes returning to the Netherlands no longer an option. It had not been foreseen that this medical assistance and/or medicines would be required.

You will receive a supplement to the reimbursement that you receive based on the Basic Insurance. The supplement is the difference between the reimbursement that you receive from the Basic Insurance and the charged costs.

Aanvullend	Extra Aanvullend	Buitenland & Tandongeval
Yes	Yes	Yes

You will only be reimbursed the costs if:

- in case of urgent care (this is assessed by the Menzis medical advisor and/or the Emergency Centre medical advisor),
- the situation was reported immediately to Menzis' Emergency Centre when admitted to an institution,
- you are not staying abroad for more than 1 year,
- you have a prescription from a general practitioner or medical specialist in the case of medicines and the effective ingredient in the medicine is part of a medicine that is reimbursed in the Netherlands based on the Basic Insurance, and
- the costs would have been reimbursed if they had been incurred in the Netherlands.

i Example

You break a leg in the United States. You are given a bill for an amount of € 3,000 for the treatment. This would have cost € 2,000 in the Netherlands. You will receive this amount based on the Basic Insurance. The additional insurance will then reimburse the remaining € 1,000.

i Emergency Centre +31 317 455 555

Rescue costs are costs incurred with regard to tracking, rescue and salvage. If you want to be reimbursed for rescue costs, take out travel insurance. For more information visit menzis.nl/reisverzekering.

Transport when ill, after an accident and after death

You may become sick or suffer an accident when abroad and that you need to return to the Netherlands for further treatment.

You will be reimbursed for transport from the location abroad to an institution in the Netherlands.

Aanvullend	Extra Aanvullend	Buitenland & Tandongeval
Yes	Yes	

You will be entitled to this reimbursement when the medical need has been determined by Menzis' Emergency Centre and they also make the arrangements for travel.

Note

- If a travel companion wishes to travel with the person who is to be repatriated, Menzis will pay/reimburse these costs when the Menzis Emergency Centre deems that supervision by this travel companion is necessary.
- The travel costs of the mortal remains of the insured are paid/reimbursed from the place where death occurred to the Netherlands.
- Do you also want to be reimbursed for transport costs when there is no medical necessity? For example, when you break your arm on holiday (skiing) and you want to return to the Netherlands. Take out travel insurance for this. More information about travel insurance can be found on menzis.nl/reisverzekering.

Physiotherapy and exercise therapy

People with disorders related to the posture and locomotory apparatus are given support through exercises or different therapies and are assisted to improve their movement capacity and to reduce pain. When you have complaints related to your posture and locomotory apparatus, you can visit a physiotherapist or exercise therapist. This therapist will try to improve the function of your posture and locomotory apparatus by applying different techniques and exercise. A normal posture and movement will again be possible or you will be taught how to cope with your limitations in the best possible manner.

Physiotherapy and exercise therapy

You will be reimbursed for physiotherapy treatments and exercise therapy up to a maximum number of treatment sessions. This maximum number of treatments per calendar year is:

Aanvullend	Extra Aanvullend	Buitenland & Tandongeval
4	6	0

You are entitled to be reimbursed when your therapist has a contract with Menzis. Visit menzis.nl/zorgvinder to find out who these therapists are.

! Note

- You can visit a general physiotherapist for most complaints. For some specific complaints, you are best visiting a therapist who specialises in the treatment of these complaints. Examples of this include the following complaints:
 - in which the spinal column and limbs play a part (manual therapist),
 - in which the motor development and learning of the child play a crucial role (child therapist/child exercise therapist),
 - vulnerable older people and clients/patients with a high (biological) age who have to deal with complex health issues (geriatric physiotherapy),
 - in which the pelvic region and hips play a crucial role (pelvic physiotherapist),
 - in relation to stress and complaints such as pain and tiredness for which there is no immediate physical cause can be found (psychosomatic physiotherapist and exercise therapist),
 - in which (lymph)oedema plays a crucial role (oedema therapist).
- We recommend asking your physiotherapist whether he or she specialises in the treatment of your complaints.
- You can only visit a general physiotherapist, child physiotherapist, manual therapist, oedema therapist, geriatric physiotherapist or a pelvic therapist who is registered in the Individueel Register Fysiotherapie (IRF; Individual Register Physiotherapy) or in the Keurmerk Fysiotherapie Individueel Register (KFIR, Individual Physiotherapy Quality Mark). You can also visit a skin therapist who is registered as “Quality Registered” in the Paramedic Quality Register for oedema therapy and scar therapy.
- Will you be visiting a therapist who does not have a contract with Menzis? You will then have the costs reimbursed up to a maximum amount. Menzis reimburses 75% of the bill of the care provider up to a maximum of 75% of the amount that Menzis has contracted for this treatment on average.
- Manual therapy will be reimbursed for each indication up to a maximum of 9 treatments per calendar year. These treatments are part of the specified maximum per calendar year.
- A screening is deemed to be 1 treatment. If an intake and check-up take place at the same time, the first visit will be deemed to be 1 treatment. If the screening, intake and check-up do not take place on the same day, this will be deemed 2 treatments. In the event treatment takes place following intake and examination on the same day, such will count as 2 treatments.
- You will not be reimbursed for treatments that are not deemed to be physiotherapy or exercise therapy such as physiotherapy fitness, shockwave therapy and swimming in a heated pool. Ask your therapist, visit menzis.nl/fysiotherapie for even more examples or contact our Customer Service if you have any doubts.

FysioZelfCheck (app)

FysioZelfCheck is an app developed by and of physiotherapists. FysioZelfCheck offers exercises, information and suggestions in an easily accessible way with which people can actively work on solving their complaints themselves. The app is for people with mild musculoskeletal complaints, such as sore shoulders, low back pain or complaints during/after exercise.

You get full access to FysioZelfCheck:

Aanvullend	Extra Aanvullend	Buitenland & Tandongeval
Yes	Yes	No

You can download FysioZelfCheck via the app-store (IOS and Android). For more information, please visit fysiozelfcheck.nl.

i About FysioZelfCheck

Common, mild musculoskeletal complaints often diminish or disappear within a few weeks with rest and simple exercises. FysioZelfCheck can help in these situations. Users of FysioZelfCheck start by completing a questionnaire. These are questionnaires that meet the current guidelines of the profession. On this basis, the user is presented with information, suggestions and a series of exercises. With various instruction videos and vlogs from, mostly specialist physiotherapists, the user can get started with the exercises. If the questionnaire shows that additional care is required, a recommendation will be made to make an appointment with a (specialist) physiotherapist or GP.

Physiotherapy and exercisetherapy after an accident

You will receive compensation for care you need after an accident. An accident is a sudden, unexpected, external force on the body, directly resulting in medically detectable physical injury. Events in which it can be foreseen in advance that physical injury to the body may occur are not covered by this definition.

You will be reimbursed for physiotherapy or remedial therapy treatments following an accident. The maximum amount per accident is:

Aanvullend	Extra Aanvullend	Buitenland & Tandongeval
16	16	0

You will be reimbursed for physiotherapy and/or remedial therapy following an accident, provided that:

- the accident took place in the Netherlands, and
- at the time of the accident and the treatment, you have an insurance from Menzis which covers the costs following an accident.
- the care takes place as a direct result of an accident
- the treatment is not covered by the Basic Insurance

Please note: any costs of the excess and personal contributions (Basic health Insurance) will not be reimbursed unless stated otherwise.

Exclusions

You are not entitled to compensation if the complaint has arisen:

- by intent and/or deliberate recklessness,
- while you were under the influence of alcohol or drugs,
- participation by the insured in a brawl, other than in self-defence
- by pre-existing complaints (before the accident),
- as a result of overexertion of the body, e.g. due to a tennis elbow, mouse wrist, incorrect sitting posture or complaints due to failure to maintain or care for body parts
- when lifting or carrying persons or objects and the possible consequences thereof.

- are caused during sports and not by external violence, such as regular sports injuries such as muscle injuries, hamstring injuries, whiplash injuries, etc;
- if you have not taken the usual protective measures during sports
- by engaging in one of the following dangerous sports and activities: Skydiving, Kiting, Rafting, Abseiling, Delta and ultralight flying, Paragliding, Gliding, Hang-gliding, White water rafting, Deep sea diving, Caving, Ice hockey.
- by practising sport as a (secondary) profession,
- during your work or a company outing.

i For example, in one of the following situations you are entitled to reimbursement

- You tripped or fell off something; for example, a fall from the kitchen stairs when changing a lamp, causing your ankle to twist.
- Your opponent's hockey stick hits your wrist during a match.
- You are launched by your dog and fall on your hip.
- You are hit by a vehicle.

The following are examples of situations in which you are not entitled to reimbursement:

- After a day of digging in your father-in-law's garden, your lower back is troubling you.
- Join the tennis competition while you have had elbow problems for some time.
- You lift a shopping crate from the ground and you feel a shooting pain in the back.
- Tearing your ligament during a football match after a cutting manoeuvre.

You will be entitled to this reimbursement if your therapist has a contract with Menzis. The relevant therapists can be found at menzis.nl/zorgvinder.

! Consent

You will need permission from Menzis before you can claim compensation. In doing so, you must fill in a statement with information about the accident. You can apply for permission at menzis.nl.

Assessment

On the basis of your statement, we will assess whether the treatment qualifies for reimbursement. We will then check whether there has been an accident that has caused the damage, whether the exclusions do not apply and whether you meet the other conditions. We may ask you to provide additional information. If you meet all the above conditions, you will receive a statement of consent for treatment. Is there third-party involvement? Report this to Menzis. Then we will recover the damage.

This is how costs are charged

The physiotherapist or exercisetherapist will invoice the treatments for which permission has been given for accident cover directly to Menzis. You will not receive an invoice for this. If you do receive an invoice, please contact your physiotherapist or exercisetherapist.

Please note:

- The physiotherapist or exercisetherapist will need an authorisation number to be able to invoice. This authorisation number can be found on the letter you receive when we authorise treatment. Take this letter of consent to your physiotherapist or exercisetherapist.
- You may only contact contracted physiotherapists or exercisetherapists.
- You must apply for permission within three months of the accident.

Physiotherapy and exercisetherapy for specific disorders and complaints

You are entitled to physiotherapy or exercisetherapy under the Basic health Insurance for a number of disorders or complaints, for example in the event of recovery from a broken leg or as part of the treatment of a muscle disease. It concerns diseases and complaints included on a list drawn up by the Minister of Health, Welfare and Sport. This is the list included in Appendix 1 to Article 2.6 of the Healthcare Insurance Decree. This list can be found at menzis.nl.

Under the Basic health Insurance, you are entitled to physiotherapy as from the 21st treatment, per disorder or complaint. The first 20 treatments for each initial diagnosis will not be reimbursed under the Basic health Insurance.

If you meet the conditions of the Basic health Insurance, the first 20 treatments will be reimbursed under the supplementary insurance. This applies to the first diagnosis, per disorder or complaint. This maximum number applies to combined physiotherapy and/or remedial therapy treatments. For some disorders or complaints, there is a maximum period of treatment.

Aanvullend	Extra Aanvullend	Buitenland & Tandongeval
Yes	Yes	No

You are entitled to this reimbursement if:

- your therapist has a contract with Menzis. The relevant therapists can be found at menzis.nl/zorgvinder and;
- it concerns conditions and complaints included on a list drawn up by the Minister of Health, Welfare and Sport. This is the list included in Appendix 1 to Article 2.6 of the Healthcare Insurance Decree. This list can be found at menzis.nl. If a maximum period of treatment applies, it is also stated on this list and;
- at the time of the diagnosis and treatment, you have a supplementary insurance with Menzis which covers physiotherapy in the event of specific disorders and complaints, and
- you are 18 years of age or older.

Excluded are disorders that are reimbursed as from the first treatment under the Basic health Insurance; osteoarthritis of the hip and knee joints, intermittent claudication, COPD, pelvic physiotherapy in the event of urinary incontinence and arthritis (rheumatoid arthritis and axial spondyloarthritis) with severe functional limitations.

Referral

You need proof of diagnosis. Proof of the diagnosis can be provided digitally or on paper clearly mentioning the names of the patient and the diagnostician. The diagnosis is specific enough to

determine whether it concerns a disorder listed in Appendix 1 Article 2.6 of the Healthcare Insurance Decree.

Dental expenses after an accident

An accident can lead to high dental expenses. An accident is a sudden, unexpected act of violence that comes from outside in relation to the insured person that has led to direct physical injury that can be established medically. Events regarding which you can foresee in advance that damage to the dentures will occur do not fall under this definition. Examples of this are opening a bottle with your teeth, biting on something that is hard such as nuts, not using dental protection with regard to relevant sports and damage to teeth as a result of an illness.

If you are 17 or younger, dental expenses after an accident are insured in the Basic Insurance. The dental insurance covers dental expenses after an accident if you are 18 or older. You will receive a reimbursement for dental expenses after an accident up to a maximum amount of € 10,000 for each accident in the following packages:

Aanvullend	Extra Aanvullend	Buitenland & Tandongeval
Yes	Yes	Yes

Dental expenses are fully reimbursed up to at most € 10,000 for each accident provided that:

- you were 18 or older when the accident occurred, and
- the accident took place in the Netherlands, and
- the treatment is given by a dentist, dental prosthesis specialist or orthodontist in the Netherlands,
- the dental expenses are not covered by the Basic Insurance, and
- you have an additional insurance from Menzis that covers dental expenses after an accident when the accident and treatment took place.

Any expenses related to the excess and personal contribution (Basic Insurance) will not be reimbursed.

Exclusions

You are not entitled to a payment in case of dental damage that is due to:

- deliberate intent and/or willful recklessness,
- when you were under the influence of alcohol or drugs,
- because of eating food,
- because of being active in a sport as a (sub)profession,
- because of already existing shortcomings of the denture (before the accident),
- because of being involved in a fight that cannot be classed as self-defence,
- when you have not taken the usual protective measures when pursuing a sport.

Permission

You need a statement of approval from Menzis before you start treatment. Your dentist or orthodontist can apply for this from us by drawing up a treatment plan and sending it to Menzis. If required, Menzis may request photos to make an assessment.

You must also complete a statement with information about the accident. You can find the statement on menzis.nl/tandongeval. The following applies in this connection:

- you have to request approval within 3 months after the accident,
- treatment must be completed within 1 year,

- unless it is necessary to postpone the (definitive) treatment.

Assessment

We will assess whether the treatment is eligible for reimbursement based on the treatment plan of your dentist or orthodontist and your statement. We will then determine whether an accident has been involved that caused the damage, whether the exclusions are applicable and whether you meet the other conditions. We will also assess whether the proposed treatment will be effective. Care that is unnecessary or costs too much unnecessarily when compared to other types of care that is on an equal footing in view of the indication and your care need, will not be covered by the insurance.

If you meet all specified conditions, you will receive a statement of approval for the treatment. At most, the amount of the treatment plan of your dentist or orthodontist will be reimbursed. Are third parties involved? Report this to Menzis. We will then recover the losses.

Bill because of an accident

Your dentist or orthodontist will claim the expenses for which consent has been granted for the accident cover directly from Menzis. You will not receive a bill for this. If you do receive a bill, contact your dentist or orthodontist.

Dental care

Dentistry care covers all care that a dentist, oral hygienist and/or dental prosthesis specialist offers.

Dental care Aanvullend

You will be reimbursed up to 75% for consultations (C codes), anaesthetics (A and B codes), root canal treatments (E codes), surgery treatments (H codes), preventive dental care (M codes), fillings (V codes) and X-ray photos (X codes) up to a maximum amount. This maximum amount is per calendar year:

Aanvullend

€ 250

Note

The following are not reimbursed: external bleaching (E97), the jaw overview photo (X21) below the age of 18, general anaesthesia (A20), anti-snoring device (G71, G72 and G73), zygoma implants (J061, J062 and J113).

Note

There is a maximum for preventive dental care for the following treatments:

- Preventive information and instruction (M01/M02): you will be reimbursed for a maximum of 12 times 5 minutes per calendar year.
- Teeth cleaning (M03): you will be reimbursed for a maximum of 18 times 5 minutes per calendar year, with a maximum of 6 times 5 minutes per day.

Dental care Extra Aanvullend

You will be reimbursed up to 100% for regular check-up (C11 and C13). You will be reimbursed up to 75% for consultations (C codes), anaesthetics (A and B codes), root canal treatments (E codes), jaw treatments (G codes), surgical treatments (H codes), implants (J codes), preventive dental care (M codes), prosthetic provisions (P codes), crowns, bridges and inlays (R codes), gum treatments (T codes), fillings (V codes) and Xrays (X codes). This maximum amount is per calendar year:

Extra Aanvullend

€ 500

Note

The following are not reimbursed: external bleaching (E97), the jaw overview photo (X21) below the age of 18, general anaesthesia (A20), anti-snoring device (G71, G72 and G73), zygoma implants (J061, J062 and J113).

Note

There is a maximum for preventive dental care for the following treatments:

- Preventive information and instruction (M01/M02): you will be reimbursed for a maximum of 12 times 5 minutes per calendar year.
- Teeth cleaning (M03): you will be reimbursed for a maximum of 18 times 5 minutes per calendar year, with a maximum of 6 times 5 minutes per day.

General terms and conditions

Below you will find the general terms and conditions. You will find the rules that apply to your Basic Insurance, additional insurance and dental insurance in the general terms and conditions (1). For example, about cancelling your insurance, premium payment and how you can submit a complaint. You will also find (additional) terms and conditions that do not apply to the Basic Insurance but do apply to the additional and dental insurances in the general terms and conditions (2).

The Dutch text is binding should any disputes arise from the interpretation of the text.

General terms and conditions (1)

Who is Menzis?

Menzis is the one that carries the risk of your insurance. Menzis refers to the following: Menzis Zorgverzekeraar N.V. when it involves the Basic Insurance and Menzis N.V. when it involves the additional insurance or the dental insurance. Coöperatie Menzis U.A. is the only shareholder of Menzis Zorgverzekeraar N.V. and Menzis N.V. By taking out the insurance you will become a member of Coöperatie Menzis U.A. as a Menzis insured party. This Cooperation focuses on promoting the interests of its members. Coöperatie Menzis U.A., Menzis Zorgverzekeraar N.V. and Menzis N.V. are non-profit organisations.

A1 General

- The government determines the insured package for the Basic Insurance. The Dutch Healthcare Insurance Act and the related regulations prescribe what you need to be insured for. Every healthcare insurer must strictly adhere to the law. We have specified as clearly as possible for what you are insured in these insurance terms and conditions. In the unlikely event that something in these insurance terms and conditions should not concur with the legal rules and regulations, what has been defined in the legal rules and regulations will apply to you.
- The insurance contract consists of: your healthcare policy, these general terms and conditions insofar as the insurance described therein applies to you, and the Insurance Regulations.
- If below the word ‘insurance’ has been used, we are referring to the Basic Insurance, the additional insurance and/or the dental insurance.
- The policyholder is the person who has taken out the insurance with Menzis. The insured is the person who incurs (may incur) medical costs. Often, the policyholder and the insured are the same person. When we use ‘you’, Menzis means you as the insured. If a provision only applies to the policyholder, this will be specified. Articles A10 through to A13 only apply to the policyholder.

A2 Working area

Menzis Basis Voordelig is a Basic Insurance that is meant for everybody who lives in or outside the Netherlands and who must take out a Basic Insurance.

A3 Insurance period

The insurance will become effective on the date that is shown on your healthcare policy. Your insurance will run up to 1 January of the next calendar year. The insurance will be tacitly extended by a year on 1 January for as long as the insurance is not cancelled.

Note

The “duration of the insurance” is not the same as a “calendar year”. The insurance term may consist of many calendar years.

A4 What is the commencement date of the insurance?

- If your Basic Insurance with Menzis was taken out within 4 months after you were obliged to insure yourself, this Basic Insurance cover will have a retroactive effect up to the day on which you were obliged to take out insurance.
- If your Basic Insurance with Menzis was taken out within a month after you terminated another Basic healthcare insurance, this Basic Insurance will have a retroactive effect up to the day on which your previous healthcare insurance terminated.
- Your additional insurance and/or dental insurance commence at the same moment as your Basic Insurance.

A5 Changing the insurance

If you are the policyholder, you can change your insurance as from 1 January of any year. You can change your voluntary excess or select another additional insurance or dental insurance. Menzis must have received your request no later than on 31 December. You can implement these changes online at Mijn Menzis (menzis.nl/mijnmenzis). You can also call Customer Service.

A6 Cancelling the insurance

Only the policyholder can cancel an insurance policy. You can cancel your insurance through a letter, at Mijn Menzis or by chat on our website. Please clearly specify which insurance you exactly wish to cancel: your Basic Insurance, your additional insurance or your dental insurance. Also please clearly specify to which insured the cancellation applies.

A7 When can I cancel?

If you are the policyholder, you can:

- always cancel as from 1 January. Menzis must have received the cancellation no later than on 31 December. Insurers have developed a transfer service. This entails that if you take out healthcare insurance by 31 December at the latest for the following calendar year, the new insurer will cancel the Menzis healthcare insurance and, if you specify this, the additional insurance and dental insurance on your behalf,
- cancel the insurance of an insured during the interim period if the insured has taken out a Basic Insurance somewhere else. The cancellation will become effective on the day on which the insured is covered by virtue of another Basic Insurance. The cancellation must have been received prior to this day by Menzis. If the cancellation is received later, the cancellation will start on the first day of the 2nd calendar month after the day on which cancellation took place,

- cancel in the interim period if you have a group insurance with your employer and you wish to participate in the group insurance of a new employer. Menzis must have received your cancellation within 30 days after your new employment has started. The cancellation will apply as from the day on which you are insured by virtue of another Basisverzekering (Basic Insurance) healthcare insurance. The condition that applies is, however, that the cancellation must have been received prior to this day by Menzis. If the cancellation is received later, the cancellation will start on the first day of the 2nd calendar month after the day on which cancellation took place,
- also cancel your insurance if Menzis changes the terms and conditions and the new terms and conditions are disadvantageous not to your advantage. Menzis must have received your cancellation at least one month after you have been informed about the change. The cancellation will become effective as from the day on which the change applies. You cannot cancel the insurance if Menzis is required to change the terms and conditions by law.
- not cancel the Basic Insurance if you have not paid the premium and have been sent a reminder for this unless Menzis has suspended cover of this insurance or has confirmed the cancellation within 2 weeks,
- cancel the Basic insurance within the first 12 months after the CAK has registered you for an insurance with Menzis. If you can prove that you were already insured with another healthcare insurer during the period mentioned in article 9d, section 1 of the Health Insurance Act, you can declare the Basic Insurance with Menzis null and void. You have to do this within 2 weeks after the CAK has notified you that they have registered you with Menzis.

Examples

1. Your daughter leaves home and wishes to insure herself. You can now cancel the insurance for your daughter as the policyholder as from the date on which she has taken out her own insurance.
2. Due to a divorce, you and your ex partner wish to have your own cover. You can now cancel the insurance of the insured (ex partner) as the policyholder. You can cancel as from the day on which he or she has taken out his or her own insurance.
3. You are individually insured. You start employment on 1 May at a new employer. You wish to participate in the group insurance of your new employer. This is not possible as from 1 May but you can as from next 1 January.

A8 Is Menzis allowed to terminate the insurance?

Menzis can terminate the insurance if:

- the premium has not been paid; see Article A13,
- you have not given Menzis the full facts or you have provided incorrect information; see Article A24,
- you have not behaved appropriately with regard to Menzis or its staff,
- Menzis takes the insurance off the market and no longer offers it as an option.

If the CAK has taken out an insurance policy with Menzis on your behalf, Menzis can declare this policy null and void if it later emerges that the person who the CAK insured did not have an obligation to insure himself or herself at that moment in time.

A9 When will the Basic Insurance end automatically?

Your Basic Insurance will terminate automatically on the day after:

- your obligation to insure terminates,

- you die,
- Menzis changes the working area and you live outside this area,
- Menzis may not offer any Basic Insurances anymore.

A10 Cooling off period

If you have taken out insurance with Menzis, you can cancel the insurance up to 14 days after receiving your healthcare policy. You do not have to specify a reason when cancelling within this period. This means that you do not have to pay premiums or costs. You will not be reimbursed for costs either. You can cancel the insurance using the same method as specified in Article A6.

A11 Obligation to inform Menzis

You are obliged to inform Menzis in writing and within 30 days about:

- a change of address,
- a demise,
- a change of bank account number,
- an entrance into active military service,
- the start and end of a prison sentence,
- you not longer being eligible to participate in group insurance,
- you not longer being obliged to have a Basic Health insurance.

You are also obliged to let us know who is your new healthcare insurer if you have cancelled your insurance with Menzis. Should Menzis come to the conclusion based on the data that you have provided that your Basic Insurance will be terminating or has been terminated, Menzis will immediately inform you about this.

- You are obliged to provide Menzis with the information they request from you, as far as you are able to provide this information. For example, about the reason for hospitalisation, for fraud being investigated or for checking. Should you not cooperate, your entitlement to receive care or to be reimbursed for costs may no longer apply.
- You are obliged to inform Menzis if a third party can be held liable for health care costs reimbursed by Menzis, for example, after a traffic accident or industrial accident. You can then contact Customer Service or the Redress department at 088 222 44 99. You can also provide this information online on menzis.nl/klantenservice/schade-melden. Your entitlement to care or reimbursement of costs may lapse if you do not cooperate. Menzis recovers the care costs that were reimbursed and will be able to advise you on how you may recover your own damage from the liable party. Such as the excess you have paid. You are not allowed to come to an arrangement yourself with the liable third party or his or her insurer should this not be to the advantage of Menzis.

A12 Premium, payment method and payment of the excess

A12.1 Premium

- The basis of the premium calculation for the Basic Insurance amounts to € 151,25 per calendar month as from 1 January 2026. The premium to be paid is the basis of the premium calculation from which any premium discount that may apply has been deducted. You can receive a premium discount on your additional (dental) insurance due to participating in group insurance, if you pay your premium annually in advance (i.e. as a lump sum) and by choosing a voluntary excess. The premium you have to pay is specified on your healthcare policy.

- Up til the age of 18, you do not have to pay a premium for the Basic Insurance. You do need to pay a premium for the Basic Insurance from the first day of the calendar month that follows the calendar month in which you reach the age of 18.
- Menzis must have received your premium before the period to which the premium relates has started.
- You may not settle the premium with a payment that you are expecting from Menzis.
- If you make a payment without stating the Menzis payment reference, Menzis will determine for which payment this applies and should be written off.
- If you do not pay through direct debit or a giro collection form email, you will receive a giro collection form from Menzis. € 2 will be charged for this.
- If you have agreed on a payment arrangement with Menzis, Menzis may charge costs.

A12.2 Payment method

If you authorise Menzis to collect the insurance premium through a direct debit authorisation, this authorisation also applies to all other amounts that you must pay Menzis. For example, payments for excess and personal contributions. You will be informed about direct debits of excess payments or personal contributions ahead of time. This will happen at least 5 days before the direct debit takes place. The healthcare policy is the announcement for taking the premium through direct debit from your account for the whole of the calendar year.

A12.3 Payment of the excess and personal contribution

- Menzis will charge you for the excess and personal contribution for yourself and all others whom you have insured.
- If you do not pay the excess and personal contribution through direct debit or a giro collection form email, you will receive a giro collection form from Menzis. € 2 will be charged for this.
- Do you pay your excess and personal contribution by direct debit? If so, we will debit amounts up to € 450 automatically. You receive a (digital) invoice for invoices exceeding €450.

A13 What will happen if I do not pay the premium?

A13.1 Basic Insurance and additional insurance

1. Menzis will send you a reminder. If you pay the premium within 14 days from the day you received this demand for payment, your cover will not be affected.
2. Should you not pay within 14 days from the day you received this demand for payment, this will have the following consequences:
 - Menzis can suspend the cover of all insurances. You will no longer receive reimbursements from the start of the period to which the premium not being paid is related,
 - you will continue to be liable to pay the premium,
 - payment discounts will no longer apply.
3. If you have failed to pay the premium even after the demand for payment, Menzis will have the right to end the insurance of all insured persons.
4. Menzis may transfer sending reminders and collecting payments to a collection partner. Should the payment have been transferred to a collection partner, Menzis may also transfer new outstanding payments without you receiving a reminder.

5. If Menzis has received overdue amount, the cover offered by the insurance will again be effective the day after your payment has been received. Costs that have been incurred during the suspension will not be paid/ reimbursed. This is also the case should Menzis have granted permission for a treatment or provision.

A13.2 Basic Insurance

Should you not pay the premium even when sent a reminder, Menzis can report your Basic Insurance to the Centraal Administratiekantoor (CAK; Central Accounting Office) based on the Dutch Healthcare Insurance Act for deduction at source. An administrative premium of at least 110% and at most 130% of the average market premium will be imposed. This premium shall be deducted from, for example, your salary or benefits. You can read when we report you to the CAK. The rules related to this can be found in articles 18a up to and including 18g of the Dutch Healthcare Insurance Act. Which rules apply when the CAK starts to collect the administrative premium are also described in these articles.

What happens when you have not paid a premium for 2 months

1. Once it has been determined that you have not paid a premium for 2 months, Menzis can offer you a payment arrangement. This payment arrangement entails the following:
 - a. that you authorise Menzis to collect through direct debit,
 - b. that you have made agreements with Menzis to pay your payment arrears in terms,
 - c. that Menzis will not terminate the Basic Insurance or that it will not suspend or defer the cover of the Basic Insurance as long as the payment arrangement is in place. This will not apply if you withdraw the direct debit specified in (a) or when you do not comply with the made agreements about payments.
2. Have you insured someone else? And have you not paid the premium for the Basic Insurance of this insured for 2 months? The payment arrangement will then also entail that we will offer to terminate this insurance. This will only apply if:
 - a. the insured has taken out Basic Insurance for himself or herself on the date that the payment arrangement comes into force, and
 - b. if the insured stays with Menzis, he or she has issued an authorisation as referred to in a of 1.
3. In the letter in which Menzis offers you a payment arrangement it is specified that you have 4 weeks to accept the arrangement. We will also explain in the letter what will happen if you do not pay the premium for 6 months. We will also tell you that you can receive debt assistance, how you can obtain this assistance and which debt assistance is available in the letter.
4. If you have (also) insured someone else, this person will receive the same letter about the payment arrangement as you have received.

What happens when you have not paid a premium for 4 months

5. If you have not paid premiums for 4 months, we will inform you and your co-insured that Menzis is planning to report you to the CAK when you have not paid premiums for 6 months or more. If Menzis reports you to the CAK, this will mean that the CAK will collect the administrative premium.
 - a. Menzis will not report you (as yet) if you let Menzis know in time that you do not believe you owe Menzis any amounts. Or if you let Menzis know in time that you believe that the sum of the debt is incorrect. You will have done this in time if you send Menzis a letter no later than 4 weeks after you have been informed about the situation by us. Menzis will, next, investigate whether it has calculated your debt correctly. If Menzis believes it has calculated your debt correctly, Menzis will inform you about this. If you disagree with the opinion of Menzis, you can submit this to the Stichting Klachten en Geschillen Zorgverzekeringen (SKGZ; Health Insurance Complaints and Disputes Board) or to a civil court. If you do this within 4 weeks after you received the letter from Menzis, Menzis will not report you to CAK until the Stichting Klachten en Geschillen Zorgverzekeringen or the civil court has decided whether Menzis has calculated the level of your debt correctly.
 - b. You can also ask Menzis whether it is prepared to make a payment arrangement. You can read what a payment arrangement entails in the sections above under 1 and 2. If Menzis agrees to a payment arrangement with you, Menzis will not report you to the CAK as long as you pay the new premiums on time.

What happens when you have not paid a premium for 6 months

6. If Menzis has established you have not paid premiums for a period of 6 months, Menzis will report you to the CAK. Menzis will pass on your personal details and of the people whom you have insured to the CAK. Menzis will only pass on those personal details to the CAK and that they required to charge for the administrative premium. You and the person whom you have insured will also be informed by Menzis about this.
7. Any selected voluntary excess will no longer apply nor the related premium discount.

A14 Is Menzis allowed to change the terms and conditions and the premium?

Menzis is entitled to change the terms and conditions, the premium and discounts at any given time. If Menzis changes the basis of the premium of the Basic Insurance, this change will not come into effect until 7 weeks have elapsed after the day on which you were informed about the change.

A15 Group insurance

Menzis is entitled to make agreements with your employer or representatives about group insurances. You can participate in a group insurance if you meet the terms and conditions. You can only apply for a group discount on an additional (dental) insurance if you take out Basic Insurance with Menzis.

The premium discount and the different group agreements will also no longer apply from the moment that the agreement between your employer or representative and Menzis has terminated. Your insurances will, however, continue to run without premium discounts and different group agreements. Or Menzis can terminate your additional (dental) insurance and transfer you to an additional (dental) insurance that is most similar to your group insurance.

A16 Submitting a bill

Menzis often pays care providers directly. Sometimes, however, you may receive a bill.

You can submit a bill online:

- you can do this on Mijn Menzis, or by using the Menzisclaims-app,
- Menzis may ask you to send in the original bill,
- you must keep the original bill for 3 years.

You can submit a bill by standard mail:

- the original bill must be sent and not a copy, duplicate or reminder,
- bills will not be returned.

Note

Act when you receive a bill. Do not save your bills for later. The best option is to submit a bill immediately.

A bill must meet the following requirements:

- You have to submit a bill within 3 years of receiving it from your care provider. The billing date is regarded as the receipt date.
- The bill must specify details to such an extent that we can determine your entitlement to be reimbursed.
- Menzis may ask you to send a translation of the bill if a bill is not drawn up in the Dutch or English language. The translation must be carried out by a sworn translator. You will have to pay for the translation yourself.

The following applies to all insurances (Basic Insurances, additional insurances and dental insurances):

- Menzis is entitled to settle every payment to every insured specified on the insurance policy based on any insurance with any Menzis amount owed from every insurance with regard to every insured specified on the insurance policy.
- If you submit a bill without specifying on which account number the reimbursement must be paid, Menzis will pay the reimbursement to the account number of the policyholder that is known to Menzis.
- A bill in a foreign currency will be converted by Menzis into euros. The exchange rate used by Menzis will be the one that is used by the Dutch banks on the date that the bill was issued.
- If Menzis makes a reimbursement directly to the care provider, this will mean that you will not be reimbursed directly.
- Reimbursement of the care provided by a non-contracted provider is only paid into a bank account registered in the name of the insured person or, in the absence thereof, a bank account registered in the name of the policyholder. The policyholder or the insured person cannot designate a different bank account into which payment should be made.
- The transferability of the rights of claim that arise on the part of the insured person and/or policyholder from an insurance contract concluded with Menzis is excluded. This is a stipulation as referred to in Article 3:84 paragraph 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

A17 Complaints and disputes

If you are unsatisfied about the services Menzis provides, please let Menzis know at your earliest convenience. How should you deal with this situation and to whom should you be submitting it?

How should you deal with this?

- You complete the online complaints form on menzis.nl/klachtafhandeling where you can specify why and about what you are dissatisfied. If you need assistance in completing this form, please call our Customer Service.
- You can send this form to the Klachten (Complaints) department.
- Menzis will carefully study your complaint and ensure you receive a reply.
- If you do not agree with the reply given by Menzis or if you have not received a reply within 30 days, you can submit your issue to the Stichting Klachten en Geschillen Zorgverzekeringen (SKGZ)
- You can find information about the SKGZ on skgz.nl. You can also approach the SKGZ through the European platform for online dispute resolution. You can find information about this platform on ec.europa.eu/odr.
- The SKGZ will first submit your issue to the Ombudsman Zorgverzekeringen (Healthcare Insurance Ombudsman). The ombudsman will try to solve your issue through mediation. If mediation does not lead to a satisfactory result or if it fails, you can submit your issue to the Geschillencommissie Zorgverzekeringen of the Stichting Klachten en Geschillen Zorgverzekeringen (SKGZ).
- Processing by the Geschillencommissie Zorgverzekeringen will cost € 37. The Geschillencommissie Zorgverzekeringen processing will end with a binding recommendation. Menzis and you must comply with this recommendation.
- You can also submit your issue to one of the following bodies:
 - If forms are involved: the Nederlandse Zorgautoriteit (NZA; Dutch Healthcare Authority),
 - A civil court.

Note

Also refer to Section A13.2 for complaints about premium arrears.

To whom should I submit this?

If you do not exactly know to whom you should be sending your complaint/objection, the Klachten department can provide assistance.

- Menzis Klachten department, PO Box 75000, 7500 KC Enschede
- Stichting Klachten en Geschillen Zorgverzekeringen, PO Box 291, 3700 AG Zeist
- Dutch Healthcare Authority, Attn. the Information Line/the Reporting Point, PO Box 3017, 3502 GA Utrecht

A19 Acts of war

You are not entitled to care or a reimbursement for costs if they are a result of an armed conflict, revolts, civil war, national riots, insurrection and/or mutiny. These 6 specified forms of damage as well as the definitions of this can be found in the text that has been filed under number 136/1981 by the Verbond van Verzekeraars (Dutch Association of Insurers) in the Netherlands on 2 November 1981 with the registry of the district court in The Hague.

A20 Terrorism

If you need care due to an act of terrorism, the following applies regarding the Basic Insurance: If the Nederlandse Herverzekeringsmaatschappij voor Terrorismeschaden N.V.(NHT) expects the total loss that will be claimed due to such acts in any calendar year from non-life, life or funeral services (benefits

in kind for funerals) insurers to which the Dutch Financial Supervision Act applies, will be higher than the maximum amount reinsured by this company per calendar year, you will only be entitled to care or the reimbursement thereof up to a percentage of the costs or value of the care or other services to be determined by the NHT which is equal for all insurances. It is possible that after a terrorist act an additional amount is provided to Menzis based on Article 33 of the Dutch Care Insurance Act or Article 3.16 of the Healthcare Insurance Decree. If this is the case, you will be entitled to the provisions with regard to which the scope is established in the scheme as referred to in Article 33 of the Dutch Care Insurance Act or Article 3.16 of the Healthcare Insurance Decree as well as the provisions as referred to in the first sentence of this article.

A21 cancelled

A22 Liability

Menzis cannot be held liable for damages that you suffer as the result of any action or omission of a care provider whose care you have used. Any liability on Menzis' part for damages as a result of Menzis' own shortcomings is limited to the amount of the costs that would have been charged to Menzis should the insurance have been executed correctly.

A23 No reimbursement for missed appointments

You are not entitled to the reimbursement of costs that you are charged if you have missed an appointment with your care provider.

A24 Combating fraud

If you or the policyholder deliberately mislead Menzis, you are no longer entitled to reimbursement. Menzis will then also have the right to terminate all your insurances. The amounts that Menzis may already have paid either to yourself or directly to the care provider as a direct result of the deception, must be paid back. You must also pay Menzis for the incurred investigation costs. Menzis can report you and will register your data. This will be done in the registers in accordance with the Incident warning system for financial institutions (Incidentenwaarschuwingssysteem Financiële Instellingen) of the Dutch Association of Insurers.

A25 Protection of personal data

- You have entrusted us with your personal data such as your name, address and date of birth. Menzis will deal with your data carefully. Your personal data will be used for taking out and executing your insurance. You can find more information on what Menzis uses your personal data for can be found in the privacy statement at [menzis.nl](https://www.menzis.nl).
- We comply with legislation and regulations when using personal data. Such as 'Algemene verordening Gegevensbescherming' (AVG), the 'Gedragscode Verwerking Persoonsgegevens Zorgverzekeraars' and the 'Protocol Incidentenwaarschuwingssysteem Financiële Instellingen'.
- Other parties are also involved and not just Menzis when executing your insurance such as care providers or a factoring agency (debt collecting agency) that collects outstanding amounts. It is sometimes necessary that Menzis provides these people with your personal data and that they provide your personal data to us to ensure your insurance is correctly executed. It is assumed that you have given your permission to this.
- If you claim online for a bill, Menzis shall be entitled to check with the care provider to verify that this care provider has sent the bill to you. It is assumed that you have given your permission to this.

- Menzis will include your personal public service number (BSN) in its administration. Your care providers, other care service providers and Menzis use your personal public service number in all forms of communication.

A26 Miscellaneous

- The date on which you were treated, medication has been prepared or an aid delivered is the determining factor for the reimbursement and the excess. The date on which the bill has been issued or paid is unimportant with regard to this. If the treatment is funded through a Diagnosis Treatment Combination (DBC), the opening date of the DBC-care product is the determining factor for reimbursement. For a DBC-care product which was opened in 2026 and closed in 2027 you will therefore be reimbursed according to 2026 terms and conditions.
- You grant Menzis the authorisation to reclaim amounts that have been paid but to which you were not entitled.
- If you visit or call Menzis and Menzis makes a verbal promise, you can ask Menzis to confirm this promise in writing. A verbal promise that is not confirmed in writing will be deemed not to have been made.
- Applications, invoices or other correspondence with Menzis must be drawn in Dutch or English. For example, if you enter a bill in German, Menzis may ask you to send a translation of the bill. A sworn translator must translate the note. You pay for the translation yourself.
- Dutch law applies to the insurance.

General terms and conditions (2)

The general terms and conditions (2) only apply to the additional insurance and the dental insurance. The Dutch text is binding should any disputes arise from the interpretation of the text.

A27 Cancellation

If you are the policy holder and you cancel the Basic Insurance, you can have your Menzis additional insurance and dental insurance continued or cancelled as from the same date.

You can cancel your additional insurance and dental insurance if you are admitted to and receiving treatment at a Wlz institution and your dental care is reimbursed by the Wlz. You must then report this cancellation to Menzis within 30 days of admission.

A28 Is Menzis allowed to terminate the insurance?

Menzis can cancel the additional and dental insurance when:

- you take up residence in another country than the Netherlands, or
- you are staying for more than 12 months in another country than the Netherlands, or
- Menzis takes the relevant additional or dental insurance off the market and no longer offers it as an option, or
- if you no longer meet the conditions for participation in the group insurance or if the agreement between your employer or representative and Menzis has been terminated. In these situations, Menzis can transfer you to an additional (dental) insurance that most closely resembles your group insurance.
- we are unable to establish that you are subject to compulsory insurance pursuant to the Healthcare Insurance Act (reasonable doubt).

A29 Change

If you are a policyholder and you change your additional or dental insurances successively for another Menzis additional or dental insurance, this will not interrupt the insurance period. Not even when this change is because you or other insured listed on the healthcare policy sheet will be participating in a group insurance or the participation in such insurance ends. Nor after suspension of cover due to non-payment. An existing term for reimbursement will then not restart. The insurance period will, however, be interrupted if you end the additional and dental insurances and you do not successively take out a Menzis additional or dental insurance.

A30 Premium

- Menzis N.V. has authorised Menzis Zorgverzekeraar N.V. to collect the premium for the additional insurances and dental insurances and possibly also other payments (such as personal contributions) on its behalf. Even when a bailiff is called in or legal proceedings are started.
- Menzis can charge a personal contribution from the policyholder or the insured who is involved.
- For the additional insurance of someone who is not yet 18 years old, no premium has to be paid. For a dentist insurance of someone who is not yet 10 years old, no premium has to be paid. This only applies if there is another person on the same policy who does pay premium for this insurance (or a more extensive one). People who have a JongerenVerzorgd insurance have to pay premium, regardless of their age.

A31 For your child

Menzis will accept you without medical selection for the additional insurances and dental insurances. Additional insurance with more extensive cover than for one of the insured specified on the healthcare policy who is 18 or older cannot be requested for children younger than 18. An adult premium will then be charged for the child.

A32/A33 Concurrence

The additional insurance and dental insurance do not offer cover for costs for losses that are already being reimbursed based on another insurance that may or may not be of a later date or an Act, a treaty, an agreement or some other provision.

The additional insurance and dental insurance do not offer cover for costs for losses that would already have been reimbursed based on another insurance that may or may not be of a later date or an Act, a treaty, an agreement or some other provision if you had not taken out the additional insurance or dental insurance.

If you rely on the additional or dental insurance while you could rely on another insurance or provision, for example, travel insurance, you must inform Menzis about this other insurance or provision.

A34 Terrorism

When terrorist acts are involved, the following will apply to the additional insurance and dental insurance. You are not entitled to care or reimbursement of costs if these are the result of terrorism, malicious infection or preventive measures to avert the danger of terrorism or malicious infection. This will be different if these costs are reinsured with the Dutch Terrorism Risk Reinsurance Company. The Clauses Sheet Terrorism Cover is a part of the insurance and can be consulted through menzis.nl or terrorismeverzekerder.nl and will be sent to you upon request.

A35 Nuclear reactions

Care or the reimbursement of the costs related to care as a result of a nuclear reaction is not covered by the additional and dental insurances. A nuclear reaction is deemed any nuclear reaction where energy is released such as nuclear fusion, nuclear fission and artificial or natural radioactivity.

A36 Application rejection

Menzis may reject the application to conclude an additional or dental insurance if:

- you still need to pay premiums for another insurance with Menzis,
- you have committed (insurance) fraud,
- you apply for an additional (dental) insurance with Menzis without a Basic Insurance,
- you have not taken out a Basic Insurance yourself but have been registered by 'het CAK'. 'Het CAK' will then withhold the premium from your income for 12 months. During that period, you can not take out an additional (dental) insurance with Menzis.